City of New Britain Connecticut



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

OF THE

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN CONNECTICUT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015



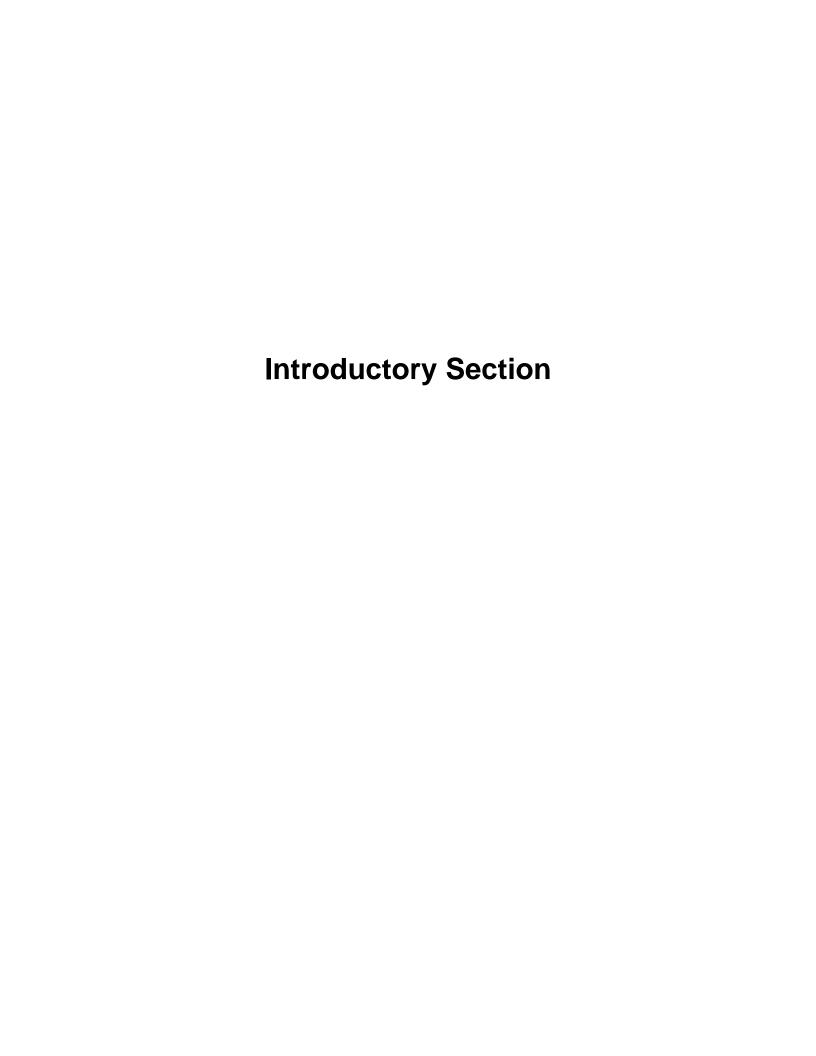
Prepared by Finance Department

Rebecca Salerni, Acting Director of Finance

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2015

	Introductory Section	Page
	Principal Officials Organizational Chart of the City Government Letter of Transmittal	i ii iii-viii
	Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	ix
	Financial Section	
	Independent Auditors' Report Management's Discussion and Analysis	1-3 4-10
	Basic Financial Statements	
Exhibit		
I II	Government-Wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	11 12
11	Statement of Activities	12
	Fund Financial Statements: Governmental Funds:	
Ш	Balance Sheet	13-14
IV	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	15-16
VI	Proprietary Funds: Statement of Net Position	17
VII	Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position	18
VIII	Statement of Cash Flows Fiduciary Funds:	19
IX	Statement of Net Position	20
Χ	Statement of Changes in Plan Net Position - Trust Funds Notes to the Financial Statements	21 22-63
	Required Supplementary Information	
RSI-1	General Fund: Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources - Budget and Actual	64-65
RSI-2	Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses - Budget and Actual	66-67
DOLO	Pension Funds:	
RSI-3	Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Last Two Fiscal Years - Police	68
RSI-4	Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios -	
DCI E	Last Two Fiscal Years - Fire	69
RSI-5 RSI-6	Schedule of Employer Contributions - Last Ten Fiscal Years - Police Schedule of Employer Contributions - Last Ten Fiscal Years - Fire	70 71
RSI-7	Schedule of Investment Returns - Last Two Fiscal Years	72
RSI-8	Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability -	
	Teachers Retirement Plan - Last Fiscal Year	73
RSI-9	Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability -	74
RSI-10	Municipal Employees Retirement System - Last Fiscal Year Schedule of Employer Contributions - Municipal Employees Retirement System	74
	Last Ten Fiscal Years	75

Exhibit	_	Page
	Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules	
	General Fund:	
A-1	Comparative Balance Sheet	76
A-2	Schedule of Tax Collections	77
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
B-1	Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	78-85
B-2	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	86-93
С	Capital Projects Fund:	
	Schedule of Expenditures - Actual vs. Appropriations	94
	Internal Service Funds:	
D-1	Combining Balance Sheet	95
D-2 D-3	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Combining Statement of Cash Flows	96 97
2 0		0.
	Fiduciary Funds: Trust Funds:	
E-1	Combining Balance Sheet	98
E-2	Combining Statement of Changes in Plan Net Position	99
	Agency Funds:	
F-1	Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities	100
	Statistical Section	
Table		
	- 	
1	Financial Trends: Net Position by Component	101
1 2	Changes in Net Position	102-103
3	Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	104
4	Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	105
	Revenue Capacity:	
5	Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	106
6	Principal Property Taxpayers	107
7	Property Tax Levies and Collections Debt Capacity:	108
8	Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	109
9	Statement of Debt Limitation	110
10	Legal Debt Margin Information	111
	Demographic and Economic Statistics:	
11	Demographic and Economic Statistics	112
12	Principal Employers	113
40	Operating Information:	
13	Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program	114
14 15	Operating Indicators by Function/Program Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program	115 116
	Saska / 1000 Clationo by Landidin Louidin	110



CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS AS OF JUNE 30, 2015

MAYOR

Erin E. Stewart

TREASURER

Teresa Sapieha-Yanchak

TOWN COUNCIL

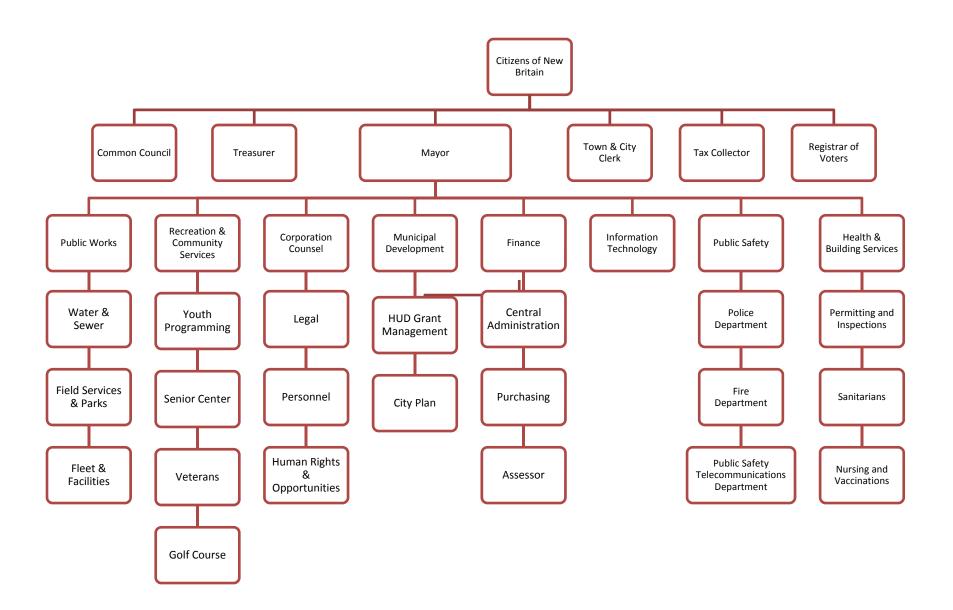
Michael Trueworthy, President ProTem
Suzanne Bielinski, Majority Leader
Eva Magnuszewski, Assistant Majority Leader
Tonilynn Collins, Assistant Majority Leader
Adam Platosz, Assistant Majority Leader
Wilfredo Pabon, Minority Leader
Jamie Giantonio, Assistant Minority Leader
Shirley Black
Carlo Carlozzi, Jr.
David DeFronzo
Don Naples
Daniel Salerno
Louis Salvio
Emmanuel Sanchez
Robert Smedley

ADMINISTRATION

Corporation Counsel Gennaro Bizzarro Town Clerk Mark Bernacki Tax Collector Cheryl Blogoslawski Michael Konik Assessor Director of Finance Christopher J. Wolf Sergio Lupo Director of Health Director of Personnel Karen Levine Director of Parks and Recreation William A. DeMaio Mark Moriarty Director of Public Works **Director of Youth Services** Zeena Tawfik Director of Licenses, Permits and Inspections Sergio Lupo **Director of Water** Gilbert Bligh **Director of Municipal Development** Kenneth Malinowski

BOARD OF EDUCATION

Sharon Beloin-Saavedra
Carlos Pina
Daniel Davis
Merrill Gay
Judith Greco
Nicholas Mercier
Nicole Rodriguez
Stacey Rosado
Daisy Sanchez
James Sanders
Kelt Cooper, Superintendent of Schools



CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT



December 12, 2015

To the Mayor, Members of the Common Council and Citizens of the City of New Britain:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of the City of New Britain for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of New Britain. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of New Britain has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of New Britain's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of New Britain's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material aspects.

The City of New Britain's financial statements have been audited by Blum Shapiro, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of New Britain for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent audit concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of New Britain's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City of New Britain was part of a broader, state and federal mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of state and federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of state and federal awards. These reports are located within the City's CAFR.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of New Britain's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditors' report.

The Reporting Entity and Its Services

The City of New Britain covers 13.3 square miles and was first settled as part of the Town of Berlin in 1680. It was incorporated as a separate Town in 1850 and chartered as a City in 1871.

New Britain has access to Interstate 91, a major north-south highway, and Interstate 84, an east-west route connecting New England and New York via Routes 9 and 72, a limited access highway which runs through the City. Direct highway access to Hartford has been improved with the completion of the northern leg of the Central Connecticut Expressway (Route 9).

A major private sector initiative, the creation of a special taxing district in the downtown core, enables property owners to pool their money toward special downtown projects. The New Britain Downtown District continues a multi-faceted program of streetscape improvements, coordinated management (maintenance and security) and marketing.

New Britain offers a variety of housing and is committed to neighborhood preservation. Walnut Hill, a National Historic District overlooking the heart of the City, features a 98-acre park, displaying some of America's rarest 19th century architecture. Over the past decade, older homes in the community have been completely renovated by their owners using a variety of specialty loan and grant programs. In addition, New Britain offers more than 800 housing units to its senior citizens.

Stanley Black & Decker, a Fortune 500 company, has located its world headquarters facility at a site along Interstate 84. In addition, the City has benefited from the recent growth of many small businesses representing a variety of sectors. TD Bank, a national leader in the financial sector has recently located its corporate headquarters in downtown New Britain. Webster Bank has also recently located offices in the North West section of town. Continued growth of City-based corporations will increase both employment and tax revenue.

New Britain will also be home to the New Britain Bees beginning in April 2016 playing in a sports facility built to the standards established by the professional major leagues. It is home to the Museum of American Art (which recently underwent a 43,000 square foot, \$26 million renovation/expansion) and Central Connecticut State University with its schools of Education, Technology, and Business (which is the largest in the state).

The City offers ten major parks (A.W. Stanley, Stanley Quarter, Walnut Hill, Willow Brook, Osgood, Martha Hart, Washington, Chesley, Hungerford, and Willow Street). Stanley Quarter Park is New England's largest public skate park with multi levels, two quarter pipes, stairs, grinding rails and pyramids. Some additional attractions offered in many of the City's parks include: paddle boats, aqua cycles, fun-yaks, a children's fishing pond, soccer fields, playgrounds, jogging tracks and outdoor ice skating as well as Go Ape, a zip-line and treetop adventure.

Residents have a variety of medical facilities to call upon, including the 436- bed Hospital of Central Connecticut, the 200 bed Hospital for Special Care (formerly New Britain Memorial Hospital) for the chronically ill, and numerous modern clinics providing out-patient services. The University of Connecticut Health Center and Hospital is within three miles of the City line in the adjacent Town of Farmington.

Form of Government

New Britain became a consolidated City and Town in 1905 with a Mayor-Council-Commission form of Government. The Mayor and Council serve concurrent two-year terms and operate under a Charter adopted in 1961 with several subsequent revisions.

The Common Council, the legislative body elected biennially at large, consists of 15 Aldermen, 5 elected at large and 10 on a five-district basis (2 each). The other elected officials are City and Town Clerk, Collector of Taxes, Treasurer and three members of the Board of Tax Review.

The Mayor presides at meetings of the Common Council and makes appointments to Boards and Commissions as provided in the Charter or as created by ordinance. The Mayor is an ex-officion member of all bipartisan Boards and Commissions. All department heads report directly to the Mayor.

Major Initiatives

The City of New Britain is committed to the well-being and quality of life for its residents. However, due to the demands of City residents, the current administration has continued to make grand list growth a primary goal. One way to accomplish this goal is to expand the City's economic development efforts, while at the same time, monitoring, reviewing and validating all City expenditures, both operating and capital, to ensure fiscal conservatism.

In line with these objectives, the City has continued to sell properties to employers and entrepreneurs who are building and expanding to create new jobs for New Britain's workers. The City is currently in the process of a downtown streetscape project which will better promote traffic and businesses in the downtown area. The long-awaited \$579 million New Britain – Hartford Busway is a dedicated bus rapid transit roadway which opened in the spring of 2015. The busway connects New Britain and Hartford with stops at 11 stations along a 9.4 mile corridor bringing improved access and reduced commuting times for all commuters on I-84 west of Hartford.

In September 2014 the City sold a 15 acre parcel of land located at the Stanley Golf Course to Costco for \$4.1m which will be set up in a trust fund for the maintenance and development of Stanley Park. Costco will be opening a warehouse/retail facility of approximately 150,000 square feet on this site. This facility is expected to generate 220 jobs and generate \$250,000 per year in tax revenue (\$500,000 after 7 years).

The City has continued its multi-year street paving program again this year paving many streets and crumbling sidewalks. This program will be continued for several more years.

Financial Information

The Finance Department includes Accounting, Tax Assessment, Tax Collection, City Treasurer, Purchasing, Data Processing and Risk Management. The Accounting Division maintains, monitors and controls accounting records for City funds and has responsibility for banking relations and all bank accounts, as well as investment accounts for collecting or disbursing City funds. Bank and investment accounts are evaluated daily through on-line communication software.

Several years ago, the City installed a new state of the art accounting system. Consideration was given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding: (1) the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition; and (2) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits to be derived; and (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the City's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

Budgetary Controls

The accounts of the City are organized in funds. Each fund operates with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures. Budgetary control of disbursements and encumbrances against appropriations is maintained by department, division or major activity. The City also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique towards accomplishing budgetary control. Additionally, the Finance Department continues to monitor expenses throughout the fiscal year in an effort to keep the costs of running the City down.

Pension Programs

All full-time City employees, except for the certified employees of the Consolidated School District, the regular members of the Police Department hired after April 1, 2000 and the regular members of the Fire Department hired after July 1, 1995, are covered under a contributory pension plan administered by the Municipal Employees' Retirement Fund ("MERF"), a State of Connecticut multiple employer Public Employee Retirement System. Regular members of the Police and Fire Departments hired prior to April 1, 2000 and July 1, 1995 respectively, participate in contributory pension plans known as the Police Benefit Fund and the Firemen's Pension Plan. The certified faculty and administrative personnel of the Board of Education participate in the contributory defined benefit plan established under Chapter 167a of the Connecticut General Statutes that is administered by the Connecticut State Teacher's Retirement Board.

MERS is the administrator of a cost sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system ("CMERS") established by the State of Connecticut and administered by the State Retirement Commission to provide pension benefits for the employees of participating municipalities. MERS is considered to be a part of the State of Connecticut financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial reports as a pension trust fund.

The City is the administrator of a single-employer public employee retirement system established and administered by the City to provide pension benefits for its Police and Fire Department employees. Benefits and contributions under this retirement system are established by the City and may be amended only by the City Council. The City's public employee retirement system is considered to be part of the City's financial reporting entity and is included in the City's financial reports as pension trust funds.

The City's OPEB liability is calculated to be \$xx million. The City's liability is relatively low because employees generally receive 7 years (10 years for Fire) of health benefits after twenty years of service.

Financial Policies

Several key policies have been developed and implemented that significantly affect the financial transactions of the City. The Fund Balance Policy is a safeguard to ensure that if the fund balance drops below five percent (5%) of operating expenditures, there will be a mechanism in place to increase the fund balance over a specified period of time. The OPEB Policy was implemented to ensure proper funding of the City's OPEB trust fund. In addition, there are several policies that have been adopted to ensure proper investment of the City's funds, including the pension trust fund.

Debt Administration

At year end, the City had a number of debt issues outstanding. These included \$207m of general obligation bonds. Under current state statutes, the City's general obligation bonded debt issuances are subject to a legal limitation based on seven times total tax collections plus state reimbursement for revenue loss. As of June 30, 2015, the City's net general obligation bonded debt of \$245 million was well below the legal limit of \$794 million.

Risk Management

The City has not experienced any significant changes in the number and cost of insurance claims.

The City is self-insured with regards to the following types of coverage (not rounded):

Workers' Compensation (including Police and Firefighter Hypertension) - \$1 million/ occurrence. Excess coverage with statutory limits applies beyond the retainage.

General Liability (including law enforcement liability) - \$500,000/occurrence; excess coverage applies up to \$1 million/occurrence, \$2 million aggregate, \$9 million excess.

Employee Dishonest coverage limit of \$500,000 (except for individually bonded Tax Collector limit of \$200,000 & individually bonded Treasurer limit of \$125,000).

Employee Medical Benefits for Board of Education and City employees with the exception of Health Organization Coverage (HMO). Stop loss coverage applies after the City has paid \$200,000 individual claims. There is no aggregate stop loss.

First dollar Auto Liability coverage on all vehicles is placed with Argonaut Insurance Company; excess Auto Liability coverage is placed with Argonaut Insurance Company. All risk property coverage is placed with Lexington Insurance Company. Coverage provides replacement value for buildings and contents. Coverage for vacant and unoccupied buildings for which rehabilitation or sale is anticipated is provided by Admiral Insurance Company on an actual cash basis. Vacant property liability is provided by Nautilus Insurance Company.

The Corporation Counsel's Office is diligently defending the City's interest in all legal matters. The City has appropriated in the fiscal year 2014 annual budget \$400,000 to assist in current and future claim defense and settlement. The City's potential liability of active claims is reviewed and updated annually by an independent actuary and such liability is made part of the City's financial statements.

Independent Audit

State Statute and the City Charter require an annual audit by an independent certified public accountant. The Statute further prescribes that each municipality's annual report shall be prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). This report has been prepared in accordance with these standards. The auditors' opinion has been included in this report.

Acknowledgements

The City has received the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting since the Fiscal Year of June 30, 2001. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of Rebecca Salerni, Amy Goldsberry, Jonathan Perugini and the entire Finance Department staff. Special appreciation is conveyed to the representatives from Blum, Shapiro & Company, P.C. We also appreciate the continuing support of city leadership and the people of New Britain who are committed to fiscal integrity and financial leadership.

Respectfully submitted,

Rebecca A Salerni

Rebecca A. Salerni

Acting Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

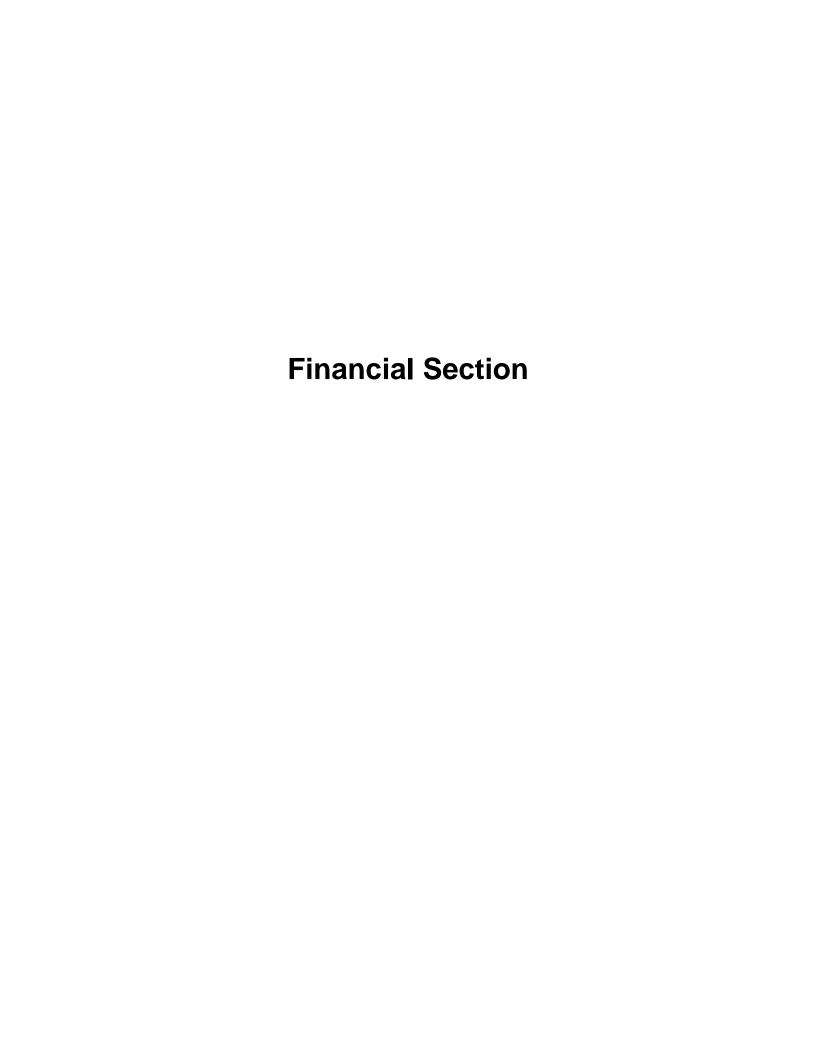
Presented to

City of New Britain Connecticut

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2014

Executive Director/CEO





Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Common Council of the City of New Britain

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of New Britain, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of New Britain, Connecticut's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of New Britain, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2015 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 14 to the financial statements, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the City adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and GASB No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. The net position of the City has been restated to recognize the net pension liability required in implementing both GASB No. 68 and GASB No. 71. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 10, the budgetary comparison information on pages 64 through 67, and the pension schedules on pages 68 through 75 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of New Britain, Connecticut's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statement of the City of New Britain, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated December 23, 2014, which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information. The accompanying General Fund balance sheet as of June 30, 2014 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2014 financial statements. accompanying General Fund balance sheet has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2014 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the General Fund balance sheet is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2015 on our consideration of the City of New Britain, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of New Britain, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

West Hartford, Connecticut

Blum, Shapino + Company, P.C.

December 12, 2015

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2015

This discussion and analysis of the City of New Britain, Connecticut's (the City) financial performance is provided by management to provide an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Please read this MD&A in conjunction with the transmittal letter and the City's financial statements, Exhibits I to IX.

Financial Highlights

- The City's net position decreased as a result of this year's operations. While net position of the business-type activities increased by \$1.8m, net position of the governmental activities decreased by \$13.9 million.
- In its governmental activities, the City had revenues of \$300 million and expenses of \$319 million.
- In the City's business-type activities, revenues were \$11.7 million while expenses were \$8.9 million, thus increasing the net position before transfers of the business-type funds by \$2.8 million. The net position after transfers of the business-type funds increased by \$1.8m.
- The General Fund reported a fund balance of \$14.9 million.
- The tax collection rate for the current levy was 96.23%.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities (Exhibits I and II, respectively) provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements are presented in Exhibit III to IX. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The analysis of the City as a whole begins on Exhibits I and II. The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities for the current period. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes in them. The City's net position, the difference between assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader needs to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's capital assets, to assess the overall health of the City.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, we divide the City into two types of activities:

- Governmental activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including education, public safety, public works, health and welfare, parks, recreation and libraries, and general administration. Property taxes, charges for services, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The City charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of certain services it provides. The City's Water Department is reported here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin with Exhibit III and provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by Charter. However, the City Council establishes many other funds to help control and manage financial activities for particular purposes (such as the Sewer Fund) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using grants and other money (such as grants received from the State and Federal Governments for education). The City's funds are divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

- Governmental funds (Exhibits III and IV) Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation included with the fund financial statements.
- Proprietary funds (Exhibits V, VI and VII) When the City charges customers for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units of the City, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities. In fact, the City's enterprise funds (a component of proprietary funds) are the same as the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds. Internal service funds (the other component of proprietary funds) are used to report activities that provide supplies and services for the City's other programs and activities such as the City's Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund.
- Fiduciary funds (Exhibits VIII and IX) The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its employees' pension plans. It is also responsible for other assets that, because of a trust arrangement, can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position. These activities are excluded from the City's other financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The City's combined net position is lower than they were one year ago, decreasing from \$109 million to \$97 million. The analysis below focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the City's governmental and business-type activities.

		Governm Activit			Busine Act				Total Primary Government					
	_	2015	2014	_	2015	_	2014		2015		2014			
Current assets Capital assets: Capital assets not being	\$	105,716 \$	119,086	\$	8,398	\$	6,846	\$	114,114	\$	125,932			
depreciated Capital assets being		60,721	35,890		1,977		1,977		62,698		37,867			
depreciated, net		274,617	281,610		54,564		56,022		329,181		337,632			
Total assets	_	441,054	436,586	_	64,939	_	64,845	_	505,993	_	501,431			
Deferred Outflows of Resource	s _	18,353	20,251	_	931		978	_	19,284	_	21,229			
Long-term debt														
outstanding		332,403	301,310		16,305		18,142		348,708		319,452			
Other liabilities		69,365	79,415		277		208	_	69,642	_	79,623			
Total liabilities	_	401,768	380,725	_	16,582	_	18,350		418,350	_	399,075			
Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	9,809	14,413	_	-			_	9,809	_	14,413			
Net Position: Invested in capital assets,														
net of debt		138,868	125,383		41,387		41,058		180,255		166,441			
Restricted		3,311	2,855						3,311		2,855			
Unrestricted (deficit)	_	(94,349)	(66,539)		7,901	_	6,415	_	(86,448)	_	(60,124)			
Total Net Position	\$_	47,830 \$	61,699	\$	49,288	\$_	47,473	\$_	97,118	\$_	109,172			

Net position of the City's governmental activities decreased in FY15 by 11% (\$109 million compared to \$97 million). Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation or other legal requirements - totaled \$(86) million at June 30, 2015.

This decrease in governmental net position resulted primarily due to the following factors:

- The new GASB 68 reporting requirement effective for FY15 which requires that the net pension liability be reported on the financial statements versus an annual net pension obligation. Due to the requirement to report this liability, the City's net position has decreased by \$13M.
- Debt service obligations over the next 20 years have increased by \$31m due to several refunding transactions as well as a new general obligation bond issue in FY 2015.

The net position of business-type activities increased by 3.8% (\$49.2 million compared to \$47.4 million) in 2015.

This increase in the net position of business-type activities resulted primarily due to the following factors:

- A 23.8% increase in the amount of water receivables outstanding (\$4.1m as compared to \$3.3m)
- An 22.5% increase in the amount of cash and cash equivalents (\$4m as compared to \$3.3m)

TABLE 2 SUMMARY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

		Governmental Activities				Busine Act	ess-T				otal Gove	33,657 139,955 5,619 108,112 11,105 3,571 1,341 303,360			
	_	2015		2014	_	2015		2014	_	2015		2014			
Revenues:	_		_												
Program revenues:															
Charges for services	\$	22,197	\$	23,159	\$	11,734	\$	10,498	\$	33,931	\$	33,657			
Operating grants and															
contributions		139,486		139,955						139,486		139,955			
Capital grants and															
contributions		7,737		5,619						7,737		5,619			
General revenues:															
Property taxes		121,333		108,112						121,333		108,112			
Grants and contributions not															
restricted to specific programs		10,974		11,105						10,974		11,105			
Unrestricted investment															
earnings		1,016		3,562		3		9		1,019		3,571			
Other general revenues		1,947		1,341						1,947		1,341			
Total revenues	_	304,690	_	292,853	_	11,737	_	10,507	_	316,427	_				
Program expenses:															
General government		3,687		15,087						3,687		15,087			
Public safety		56,019		50,893						56,019		50,893			
Public works		28,358		31,236						28,358		31,236			
Health and welfare		6,605		6,633						6,605		6,633			
Parks, recreation and		-,		-,						-,		-,			
libraries		15,804		13,304						15,804		13,304			
Education		182,914		185,208						182,914		185,208			
Interest on long-term debt		26,172		11,386						26,172		11,386			
Water		-,		,		8,922		5,176		8,922		5,176			
Total program expenses	_	319,559	_	313,747	_	8,922	_	5,176	_	328,481	_	318,923			
Increase in net assets															
before transfers		(14,869)		(20,894)		2,815		5,331		(12,054)		(15,563)			
Transfers	_	1,000		6,663		(1,000)	_	(6,663)	_	-		<u> </u>			
Increase (decrease) in net position		(13,869)		(14,231)		1,815		(1,332)		(12,054)		(15,563)			
Net position at beginning of year		61,699		117,032		47,473		48,805		109,172		165,837			
Restatement*	_			(41,102)	_		_		. <u> </u>	-		(41,102)			
Net Position at End of Year	\$_	47,830	\$_	61,699	\$_	49,288	\$_	47,473	\$_	97,118	. \$	109,172			

^{*} Prior year balances in Tables 1 and 2 were restated to reflect the implementation of GASB No. 68 as stated in Note 14.

The City's combined revenues were \$316.4 million. The total cost of all programs and services was \$328.4 million.

Our analysis below separately considers the operations of governmental and business-type activities.

Governmental Activities

Revenues for governmental activities totaled \$304.6 million; property taxes (39.8%), operating grants (45.7%) and charges for services (7.2%) are the major revenue sources – contributing approximately 92.8% of the City's revenues.

Expenses for governmental activities were \$319.5 million, of which 57.6% were supported by program revenues and 42.4% were supported from general revenues. Expenses by function include education (57.2%), public safety (17.5%), public works (8.8%), and parks, recreation and libraries (4.9%), which made up 88.4% of the total governmental expenses.

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the City's four largest programs – education, public safety, public works, and general government – as well as each program's net cost (total cost loss revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the final burden that was placed on the City's tax payers by each of these functions.

TABLE 3
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

	Total Cost of	Services	Net Cost of S	ervices
	 2015	2014	 2015	2014
Education	\$ 182,914 \$	185,208	\$ 48,048 \$	52,488
Public safety	56,019	50,893	51,458	42,938
Public works	28,358	31,236	11,009	11,163
General government	3,687	15,087	(2,033)	13,395
All others	 48,581	31,323	 41,657	25,030
Totals	\$ 319,559 \$	313,747	\$ 150,139 \$	145,014

Business-Type Activities

Revenues and expenses of the City's business-type activities amounted to \$11.7 million and \$8.9million, respectively. Net position increased by \$1.8 million.

City Funds Financial Analysis

Governmental Funds

As the City completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet - Exhibit III) reported a combined fund balance of \$(8.5) million, which is an increase from last year's total of \$(16.9) million. The increase in the fund balance can be attributed to the operating surplus for FY 2015.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water Enterprise Fund amounted to \$7.9 million and those for the internal service funds amounted to \$13m. The increase in unrestricted net position for the Water Enterprise Fund of \$1.8m was mainly a result of an increase in receivables. The increase in unrestricted net position for the internal service funds was due to a reduction claim reserves.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

- The General Fund received \$742 thousand in cash from sale of delinquent tax liens.
- The General Fund received \$3.6m in bond/BAN premium
- The General Fund Sanitation expense was reduced by \$500 thousand due to a reduction in disposal and tip fees.
- Debt service expenditures were reduced by \$3.5m due to a debt restructuring

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2015, the City had \$393 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, park facilities, vehicles and equipment, roads, bridges, and water and sewer lines - Table 4. This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$18 million, or 4.7% above last year.

TABLE 4
CAPITAL ASSETS

				nental ties		Busin Act	ess. iviti			Т	otal	al		
	-	2015		2014	_	2015	_	2014	_	2015	_	2014		
Land	\$	13,417	\$	13,417	\$	1,977	\$	1,977	\$	15,394	\$	15,394		
Construction in progress		47,304		22,473						47,304		22,473		
Buildings and improvements	3	202,324		208,692						202,324		208,692		
Equipment		2,983		3,353						2,983		3,353		
Vehicles		3,425		4,233						3,425		4,233		
Infrastructure		65,885		65,332						65,885		65,332		
Water filtration assets	-				_	54,564		56,022	_	56,022	_	56,022		
Totals	\$	335,338	\$_	317,500	\$_	56,541	\$_	57,999	\$_	393,337	\$_	375,499		

For governmental-type funds, this year's major additions included various street projects that have continued throughout the year.

More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2015, the City had \$246,925 in bonds and notes outstanding versus \$208,775 last year - an increase of 18% - as shown in Table 5.

TABLE 5 OUTSTANDING DEBT

				nental :ies		Busine Act		• •		Т	ota	I
	_	2015		2014		2015		2014	_	2015	-	2014
General obligation bonds (backed by the City)	\$_	244,909	\$_	206,759	\$_	2,016	\$_	2,016	\$	246,925	\$_	208,775

The City's general obligation bond rating from Standard & Poor's and Moody's, both national rating agencies, is A and Baa1 respectively. The State limits the amount of general obligation debt that cities can issue based on formula determined under State Statutes based on type of debt and tax base. The City's outstanding general obligation debt is significantly below this \$839 million state-imposed limit.

Other obligations include accrued vacation pay and sick leave and liabilities from two interest rate swaps. More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 8 to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The City's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2015 budget tax rates and fees that will be charged for the business-type activities. One of those factors is the economy. Unemployment in the City now stands at 11.3% versus 11.8% a year ago. This compares with the State's unemployment rate of 8.0% and the national rate of 7.6%.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the General Fund budget for 2015-16. Amounts available for appropriation in the General Fund were \$15 million, an increase of 66% over the final 2014 amount of \$5 million.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Department, City of New Britain, 27 West Main Street, New Britain, Connecticut 06051.

Basic Financial Statements

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015 (In Thousands)

	-	Governmental Activities	•	Business-Type Activities	!	Total
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	55,942	\$	4,043	\$	59,985
Investments	Ψ	16,710	Ψ	12	Ψ	16,722
Receivables, net		32,317		4,181		36,498
Due from Fiduciary Fund		544		.,		544
Inventory		203		162		365
Capital assets:						
Capital assets not being depreciated		60,721		1,977		62,698
Capital assets being depreciated, net		274,617		54,564		329,181
Total assets	•	441,054	•	64,939		505,993
	•	,	•	,		,
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Deferred charge on refunding		1,034		931		1,965
Changes related to pension actuarial experience		5,412				5,412
Changes related to projected investment earnings		5,918				5,918
Contributions made subsequent						
to the measurement date		5,989				5,989
Total deferred outflows of resources	•	18,353		931		19,284
Liabilities: Accounts and other payables Bond anticipation notes Unearned revenue Noncurrent liabilities:		31,640 34,000 3,725		277		31,917 34,000 3,725
Due within one year		18,135		1,922		20,057
Due in more than one year		314,268		14,383		328,651
Total liabilities		401,768		16,582		418,350
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Changes related to projected investment earnings		9,809				9,809
Net Position: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for: Trust purposes:		138,868		41,387		180,255
Expendable		3,311				3,311
Unrestricted		(94,349)		7,901		(86,448)
	•	(0 1,0 10)		7,001		(50, 110)
Total Net Position	\$	47,830	\$	49,288	\$	97,118

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (In Thousands)

					Pı	rogram Revenu	es				•	kpense) Revenu nges in Net Ass		nd
Functions/Programs		Expenses	-	Charges For Services		Operating Grants And Contributions	-	Capital Grants And Contributions		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities	_	Total
Primary Government: Governmental activities: General government Public safety	\$	3,687 56,019	\$	1,594 3,185	\$	26 1,042	\$	334	\$	2,033 (51,458)	\$		\$	2,033 (51,458)
Public works Health and welfare Parks, recreation and libraries Education Interest on long-term debt	_	28,358 6,605 15,804 182,914 26,172	-	12,943 712 2,820 943		1,103 3,001 360 133,923 31		3,303		(11,009) (2,892) (12,624) (48,048) (26,141)	_		-	(11,009) (2,892) (12,624) (48,048) (26,141)
Total governmental activities		319,559		22,197		139,486		7,737		(150,139)		-		(150,139)
Business-type activities: Water	_	8,922	=	11,734							_	2,812	=	2,812
Total	\$_	328,481	\$_	33,931	\$	139,486	\$	7,737		(150,139)	_	2,812	_	(147,327)
	(General revenue Property taxes Grants and co Unrestricted in Miscellaneous	s ontrik oves		icte	ed to specific prog	grai	ms		121,333 10,974 1,016 1,947		3		121,333 10,974 1,019 1,947
		Total genera		enues .					•	135,270	_	3	-	135,273
		Transfers								1,000	_	(1,000)	_	
	1	Change in ne Net Position at B			s Re	estated				(13,869) 61,699	_	1,815 47,473	_	(12,054) 109,172
	I	Net Position at E	nd o	of Year					\$	47,830	\$_	49,288	\$	97,118

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015 (In Thousands)

		General		Capital Projects Fund	-	BOE State and Federal Grants	_	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	_	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivables, net Due from other funds Inventories	\$	29,557 20,157 544	\$	5,139	\$	7,207 348	\$	8,087 11,554 203	\$ -	49,990 32,059 544 203
Total Assets	\$_	50,258	\$_	5,139	\$	7,555	\$	19,844	\$	82,796
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	RE	SOURCES A	AND	FUND BALA	N	CES				
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	16,724	\$	4,935	\$	4,278	\$	2,150	\$	28,087
Unearned revenue		867		1,334		1,516		9		3,726
Bond anticipation notes payable				34,000						34,000
Total liabilities	_	17,591	_	40,269	-	5,794		2,159		65,813
Deferred inflows of resources:										
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		17,724								17,724
Unavailable revenue - sewer use fees		17,724						3,330		3,330
Unavailable revenue - loans receivable								4,511		4,511
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	17,724			-		•	7,841	-	25,565
Fund balances:	_	17,724	_		-		-	7,041	-	23,303
Nonspendable								3,212		3,212
Restricted				7,514		1,761		5,694		14,969
Committed				7,514		1,701		2,827		2.827
Assigned		3,666						2,021		3,666
Unassigned		11,277		(42,644)				(1,889)		(33,256)
Total fund balances	-	14,943	-	(35,130)	-	1,761	•	9,844	-	(8,582)
	_	1-1,0-10	_	(00,100)	•	1,701	-	0,011	-	(0,002)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	50,258	\$	5,139	\$	7,555	\$	19,844	\$	82,796

(Continued on next page)

(8,582)

335,338

13,084

(249,243)

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2015 (In Thousands)

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

Less accumulated depreciation

Net capital assets

to the Statement of Net Assets:
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets (Exhibit I) are different because of the following:

Fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit III)

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Governmental capital assets

\$ 584,581

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not recorded in the funds:

Interest receivable on property taxes 9,323 Housing loans receivable 4,511 Sewer receivable 3,330 Deferred outflows related to actuarial experience 5,412 Deferred outflows related to investment returns 5,918 Deferred outflows related to contributions made subsequent to the 5,989	Property tax receivables greater than 60 days	8,401
Sewer receivable3,330Deferred outflows related to actuarial experience5,412Deferred outflows related to investment returns5,918	Interest receivable on property taxes	9,323
Deferred outflows related to actuarial experience 5,412 Deferred outflows related to investment returns 5,918	Housing loans receivable	4,511
Deferred outflows related to investment returns 5,918	Sewer receivable	3,330
,	Deferred outflows related to actuarial experience	5,412
Deferred outflows related to contributions made subsequent to the 5,989	Deferred outflows related to investment returns	5,918
measurement date	·	5,989

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net assets.

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Bonds and notes payable	(244,909)
Clean water notes payable	(3,425)
Interest payable on bonds and notes	(2,379)
Compensated absences	(7,510)
Net pension liability	(59,729)
Net OPEB obligation	(1,437)
Deferred charges on refunding	1,034
Unamortized bond premium	(6,730)
Deferred inflows related to investment earnings	(9,809)

Net Assets of Governmental Activities (Exhibit I) \$ 47,830

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

(In Thousands)

	_	General		Capital Projects Fund	•	BOE State and Federal Grants	, ,	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	_	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:										
Property taxes	\$	119,390	\$		\$		\$		\$	119,390
Intergovernmental		103,914		2,541		36,087		11,960		154,502
Licenses, fees and charges for goods										
and services		8,627						11,685		20,312
Investment earnings		140						52		192
Miscellaneous		875		4,566				352		5,793
Total revenues		232,946	-	7,107	, I	36,087		24,049	_	300,189
Expenditures: Current:										
General government		5,784						8		5,792
Public safety		31,992						1,486		33,478
Public works		10,826						7,761		18,587
Health and welfare		1,840						3,869		5,709
Education		138,100				35,031		6,949		180,080
Parks and recreation		7,142				•		2,993		10,135
Capital outlay		•		39,041				,		39,041
Debt and sundry		32,949		516						33,465
Total expenditures		228,633	_	39,557)	35,031		23,066	_	326,287
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over										
Expenditures	_	4,313		(32,450)	ii.	1,056	. ,	983	_	(26,098)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers in		2,026						27		2,053
Transfers out		(27)						(1,026)		(1,053)
Issuance of general obligation bonds		,		29,000				, ,		29,000
Premium on general obligation bonds		2,974		1,128						4,102
Premium on bond anticipation notes		692								692
Issuance of refunding bonds				65,600						65,600
Swap termination payment				(15,300)						(15,300)
Payment to refund bond escrow agent			_	(50,581)						(50,581)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	5,665	_	29,847	,	-		(999)	_	34,513
Net Change in Fund Balances		9,978		(2,603)		1,056		(16)		8,415
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	4,965		(32,527)	in .	705		9,860	_	(16,997)
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	14,943	\$	(35,130)	}	1,761	\$	9,844	\$_	(8,582)

(Continued on next page)

(13,869)

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (In Thousands)

1		
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities:		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit IV)	\$	8,415
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:		
Capital outlay and other expenditures Depreciation expense		29,077 (10,508)
The statement of activities reports losses arising from the trade-in of existing capital assets to acquire new capital assets. Conversely, governmental funds do not report any gain or loss on a trade-in of capital assets.		(731)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, and revenues recognized in the funds are not reported in the statement of activities:		
School building grant receipts Property tax receivable - accrual basis change Property tax interest and lien revenue - accrual basis change Housing loans receivable Sewer receivables		(187) 1,468 476 (215) 1,156
Change in deferred inflows related to investment returns		(9,809)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized and deferred in the statement of activities. The details of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:		
Proceeds from general obligation bonds		(29,000)
Proceeds from bond refunding		(65,600)
Payment to bond escrow		50,581
Bond principal payments		6,325
Payments on clean water fund notes Premium on general obligation bonds		349 (4,102)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:		
Compensated absences		196
Accrued interest		(43)
Amortization of deferred charge on refunding		(147)
Amortization of bond premium		415
Net OPEB expense		(443)
Net pension expense		(13,128)
Change in deferred outflow related to investment returns Change in deferred outflow related to actuarial experience		5,918 5,412
Change in deferred outflows related to actuarial experience Change in deferred outflows related to contributions made subsequent to the measurement date		5,412 876
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs to individual funds. The net		
revenue of certain activities of internal services funds is reported with governmental activities.	_	9,380
	•	(40.000)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities (Exhibit II)

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015 (In Thousands)

	Business-Type Activities Water Enterprise Fund	,	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund
Assets:			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,043	\$	5,955
Investments	12		16,710
Receivables:	4.404		202
Other, net of allowance for uncollectible Inventory	4,181 162		283
Total current assets	8,398	,	22,948
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets, net	56,541		
Total assets	64,939	•	22,948
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	004		
Deferred charge on refunding	931	·	
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses	277		1,201
Compensated absences	88		1,201
Current portion of bonds and notes payable	1,834		
Total current liabilities	2,199	,	1,201
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Bonds and notes payable	14,251		
Compensated absences	132		0.000
Claim reserves	44.202		8,663
Total noncurrent liabilities	14,383	į	8,663
Total liabilities	16,582		9,864
Net Position:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	41,387		40.004
Unrestricted	7,901		13,084
Total Net Position	\$ 49,288	\$	13,084

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (In Thousands)

	Business-Type Activities Water Enterprise Fund	 Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund
Operating Revenues: Charges for services and goods Charges to other funds Other Total operating revenues	\$ 11,734	\$ 38,884 2,780 41,664
Operating Expenses: Cost of sales, services and administration Administration and general expense Depreciation expense Claims incurred Total operating expenses	6,658 1,641 8,299	 748 31,438 32,186
Operating Income	3,435	 9,478
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Income on investments Decrease in actuarial claims reserve Interest expense Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(623) (620)	 818 (916) (98)
Change in Net Position Before Transfers	2,815	9,380
Transfers: Transfers out	1,000	
Change in Net Position	1,815	9,380
Total Net Position at Beginning of Year	47,473	 3,704
Total Net Position at End of Year	\$ 49,288	\$ 13,084

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (In Thousands)

		Business-Type Activities Water		Governmental Activities Internal
		Enterprise Fund		Service Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		_	,	_
Cash received from charges to other funds	\$		\$	38,880
Cash received from customers		10,977		
Cash received from other operating activities Cash paid for premiums and other operating expenses		(6,596)		2,534 (748)
Cash payments for claims made		(0,330)		(39,321)
Net cash provided by operating activities		4,381		1,345
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:				
Transfers to other funds		(1,000)		_
Cash Flows from Capital Financing Activities:				
Acquisition of capital assets		(183)		
Payment of loan obligation		(1,834)		
Interest paid on capital debt		(623)	į	
Net cash used in capital financing activities		(2,640)		<u>-</u>
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:				
Income on investments		3		818
Actuarial claim reserve Purchase of investments				(916) (749)
Sale of investments				(143)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		3		(847)
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		744		498
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		3,299	ı	5,457
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	4,043	\$	5,955
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by				
Operating Activities:	_		_	
Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net	\$	3,435	\$	9,478
cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation		1,641		
Change in assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in due to other funds		(00.4)		(630)
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(804)		(250)
(Increase) decrease in other deferred asset (Increase) decrease in inventory		47 (4)		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses		66		(7,883)
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds				630
Total adjustments		946		(8,133)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	4,381	\$	1,345
Noncash Investment Activities:				
Net increase in fair value of investments	\$	-	\$	935

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015 (In Thousands)

		Trust Funds	_	Agency Funds
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments, at fair value: Mutual funds U.S. securities Pooled funds Corporate bonds Other fixed income funds Mortgage-backed securities	\$	2,198 97,684 18,436 18,403 8,652 1,752 7,795	\$	730
Total Assets	_	154,920	\$ <u></u>	730
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Due to beneficiaries	_	918 544	\$	730_
Total Liabilities	_	1,462	\$_	730
Net Position: Held in Trust for Pension and Other Post Retirement Benefits	\$	153,458		

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (In Thousands)

		Trust Funds
Additions:		
Contributions:		
Employer	\$	2,090
Employee		452
Total contributions	_	2,542
Investment income:		
Net appreciation in fair value of investments		1,601
Interest and dividends		2,431
Miscellaneous		14
Total investment income		4,046
Less investment expense		(293)
Net investment income		3,753
Total additions		6,295
Deductions:		
Benefits		13,630
Administration		76
Total deductions		13,706
Net Decrease		(7,411)
Net Position at Beginning of Year		160,869
Net Position at End of Year	\$	153,458

(amounts expressed in thousands)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of New Britain (the City) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant policies of the City are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

Primary Government

The City of New Britain, Connecticut (the City) became a consolidated City in 1905 with a Mayor-Council-Commission form of government. The Mayor and Council serve concurrent two-year terms and operate under a Charter adopted in 1961, with the latest revision in 2002. The Common Council, the legislative body, consists of fifteen (15) Aldermen elected biennially at large. Other elected officials include the City and Town Clerk, Collector of Taxes, Treasurer and three members of the Board of Tax Review.

The municipal budget is prepared by the Board of Finance and Taxation and the Mayor who submits his recommendation to the Common Council for adoption.

All department heads report directly to the Mayor.

The City has the power to incur indebtedness by issuing bonds or notes as provided by Charter and Connecticut General Statutes.

The City operates and maintains a public water supply system, known as the City of New Britain Water Department.

The City has a Redevelopment Agency that operates as a function of the Commission on Community and Neighborhood Development (the Commission). The Commission is also charged with the responsibility of administering the City's Small Cities Programs.

The City provides the following services as authorized by its Charter: Education, Water, Sewer, Refuse, Public Works, Public Safety, Parks, Recreation, Libraries and Health and Human Services.

Joint Ventures

The City is a participant in one joint venture as described below.

Bristol Resource Recovery Facility Operating Committee

The City is a participant with fourteen other cities and towns in a joint venture, the Bristol Resource Recovery Facility (BRRFOC). BRRFOC was created pursuant to an Inter-Community Agreement to exercise certain rights on behalf of the Contracting Municipalities in dealing with the trash-to-energy plant built by Ogden Martin Systems of Bristol, Inc., now known as Covanta Bristol, Inc. (Covanta). The governing board consists of City officials appointed by each of the participating municipalities, and assumes all the management decisions. Effective July 1, 2014 Tunxis Recycling Operating Committee (TROC), a sister company of BRRFOC, merged with BRRFOC. On August 18, 2014 the Board voted

(amounts expressed in thousands)

to release and transfer all remaining funds to BRRFOC, which will continue its activities under an amended agreement. On December 4, 2014 the Board approved a settlement agreement to be paid to the member communities. The settlement payment made to the City of New Britain during the fiscal year was \$933.

Fund balance of the General Fund for fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 as reflected in BRRFOC's financial statements is \$7.3 million. A complete set of financial statements for BRRFOC can be obtained from the administrative office at 43 Enterprise Drive, Bristol, Connecticut 06010.

Jointly Governed Organizations

The Mattabassett District

The Mattabassett District is a quasi-municipal district established in accordance with State statutes to provide sewer treatment services for the Towns of Berlin, Cromwell and the City of New Britain. A twelve-person Board of Directors is appointed by the member towns with New Britain appointing the majority of members seven, Berlin appoints three members and Cromwell appoints two members. The Board of Directors is responsible for hiring, firing, purchasing, administration, budget adoption and fiscal operations. The District may issue bonds in its own name. The Mattabassett District levies its annual assessment, which the City is obligated to pay.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements, except for agency funds which have no measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, charges for services, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The major sources of revenue for this fund are property taxes and governmental grants.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the financial resources for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds. The major sources of revenue for this fund are bond proceeds and governmental grants.

The BOE State and Federal Grants Fund accounts for educational grant programs funded by the federal and state government and other local agencies. The major source of revenue for this fund is governmental grants.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water Enterprise Fund accounts for all activities related to the transmission and distribution of drinking water.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The Internal Service Funds account for the risk management activities for the City.

The Pension Trust Fund accounts for the activities of the New Britain police and fire retirement system, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified City employees.

The OPEB Trust Fund accounts for the activities of the City and Board of Education for other post employment benefits payments to qualified retired employees.

The Agency Funds account for funds held by the City on behalf of students and others.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes and other charges between certain City's functions because the elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include property taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water Enterprise Fund, and of the City's Internal Service Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Unrestricted resources are used in the following order: committed, assigned then unassigned.

D. Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements and certain other investments as described in Note 3.

Investments for the City are reported at fair value.

E. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

The City's property taxes are levied each June on 70% of the assessed value listed on the prior October 1 Grand List for all taxable property located in the City. Although taxes are levied in June, the legal right to attach property does not exist until July 1 and, as such, taxes are due and payable in two installments on July 1 and January 1 following the date of the Grand List. Taxes are overdue on August 1, and interest is levied at 1-1/2% per month. The City files liens against property if taxes, which are due July 1, remain unpaid on the following June 30.

The City has established a reserve in the amount of \$4,930 for property taxes receivable and interest receivable that are deemed to be uncollectible.

(amounts expressed in thousands)

F. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, other than infrastructure assets, are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of five years. The government reports infrastructure on a subsystem basis. Accordingly, the amounts spent for the construction or acquisition of infrastructure assets are capitalized and reported in the government-wide financial statements regardless of their amount.

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities) the government chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The government was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through backtracking (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). As the government constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate. In the case of donations, the government values these capital assets at the estimated fair value of the item at the date of its donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	25-50
Building improvements	20
Machinery and equipment	5-20
Vehicles	5
Infrastructure	10-65

(amounts expressed in thousands)

H. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City reports a deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows related to pension in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees).

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City reports a deferred inflow of resources related to pensions in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees). For governmental funds, the City reports unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from several sources: property taxes, grant receivables, sewer fees and long-term loans. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) in the period in which the amounts become available.

I. Compensated Absences

Under the terms of its various union contracts, City and Board of Education employees are permitted to accumulate earned but unused sick pay benefits and, with approval, vacation benefits. The accumulated liability for sick time and vacation, as reported in the governmental funds, at the end of fiscal year was valued at \$7,510. The City and Board of Education compensated absences is generally liquidated by the General Fund.

J. Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service (total pension liability), net of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The pension plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the pension plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net pension liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

(amounts expressed in thousands)

K. Net OPEB Obligations

The net OPEB obligation represents the cumulative difference between the OPEB cost and the City's contributions to the plans. These amounts are calculated on an actuarial basis and are recorded as noncurrent assets and/or noncurrent liabilities, accordingly, in the government-wide financial statements.

L. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of any significant applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

M. Fund Equity

Equity in the government-wide financial statements is defined as "net position" and is classified in the following categories:

Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt

This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted Net Position

Net position is restricted because it is externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position

This component consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

The equity of the fund financial statements is defined as "fund balance" and is classified in the following categories:

Nonspendable Fund Balance

This represents amounts that cannot be spent due to form (e.g., inventories and prepaid amounts).

Restricted Fund Balance

This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, such as grantors, creditors, contributors or laws and regulations of their governments.

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Committed Fund Balance

This represents amounts constrained for a specific purpose by a government using its highest level of decision-making authority (City of New Britain Common Council). A resolution approved by the Common Council of the City of New Britain is required to modify or rescind a fund balance commitment.

Assigned Fund Balance

This balance represents amounts constrained for the intent to be used for a specific purpose by a governing board or a body or official that has been delegated authority to assign amounts by the City Charter.

Unassigned Fund Balance

This represents fund balance in the General Fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance. If another governmental fund has a fund balance deficit, it is reported as a negative amount in unassigned fund balance.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

The City uses the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data included in the financial statements for the General Fund, the City's only budgeted fund.

City department heads are required to submit to the Mayor estimates in detail of the amounts of money required by their department for the ensuing fiscal year. For these submissions, the Mayor and the Board of Finance and Taxation shall prepare an annual budget of the City. The proposed budget shall include the rate of taxation, a statement of bonds to mature and interest payable as well as the capital budget. The final vote of the Common Council to approve the Mayor's proposed budget for the ensuing fiscal year shall be by majority vote. If the Mayor shall disapprove, he shall issue a veto message and a two-thirds vote of the Common Council shall be required to override the veto.

Advisory budgets for Special Revenue Funds which are utilized to account for specific grant programs are established in accordance with the requirements of the grantor agencies. In some instances such budgets comprehend more than one fiscal year and are comprehending a fiscal period that does not coincide with the City's fiscal year. Such budgets are not legally adopted by the City.

Legal authorization for Capital Projects Fund spending is provided by the related bond ordinances and/or intergovernmental grant agreements.

Special appropriations requiring an increase in estimated income and expenditures in any fund shall be approved by two-thirds vote of the Common Council. A transfer of monies external to a departmental budget shall be authorized by a majority vote of the Common Council. The Mayor shall be authorized to transfer monies within a department budget upon written request. The limit for any individual line item transfer shall depend on its classification, which is spelled out in the ordinance.

An additional \$4,808 was appropriated from other revenue sources during the fiscal year.

The City's budgeting system requires accounting for certain transactions be on a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP basis). A major difference between the budget and GAAP basis is that encumbrances are recognized as a charge against a budget appropriation in the year in which the purchase order is issued, and, accordingly, encumbrances outstanding at year-end are recorded in budgetary reports as expenditures in the current year, whereas, on a GAAP basis, encumbrances are recorded as reservations of fund balance.

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end with the exception of the Capital Projects Fund.

Also, in accordance with the provision of GASB Statement No. 24, the City has reported "on-behalf" payments made by the State of Connecticut into the teachers' retirement system in the governmental funds.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year end are reported are included in either restricted, committed or assigned fund balance depending on their level of restriction and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

B. Deficit Fund Equity

The following funds have a deficit fund balance/net position at June 30, 2015:

Nonmajor:	
Special Revenue Funds:	
Stanley Quarter Park	\$ 952
Cemetery	76
Police & Youth Grants	2
New Britain Marketing Collaborative	7
Exercise the Right Choice	3
Exercise the Right Choice II	8
Immunization Action Plan	2
Bullet Proof Vest Grant	19
System of Care Grant	28
Public Safety	110
Centralized and Distribution Services	236
Federal Omnibus Appropriation	7
CT Health Foundation	1
Highway Safety	259
Assistance to CCSU Police Department	56
ARRA Paving Program	141
Public Works Grant	200
Fireworks fund	14
YSB Program Activity	6
Business Outreach Center	52
Emergency Shelter Grant	31
Redevelopment Commission	6
Brownfield Park	5
EFSP Program	13
Neighborhood Stabilization Program	53
Cops Hiring Grant	52
Busway Bike Trails	10
Capital Projects Fund	35,130
Internal Service Funds:	
Health Insurance Fund	1,653

The Special Revenue Funds and Internal Service Funds deficit balances will be eliminated by program income. In the Capital Projects Fund, bonding and State grants will be used to fund the deficit balance.

(amounts expressed in thousands)

C. Overexpended Appropriations

The legal budget was overexpended during the current year. The following items were overexpended:

Department	Fi	nal Budget	_	Actual	 Variance
Finance Waste Disposal Pension and Benefit Contributions Education Other financing sources: Other funds	\$	2,495 3,215 16,135 124,361 120	\$	2,625 3,702 17,633 124,620 127	\$ (130) (487) (1,498) (259)

3. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by Statute or, in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit, in an "out of state bank" as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies, 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof, and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds do not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

The Statutes (Sections 3-24f and 3-27f) also provide for investment in shares of the State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF) and the State Tax Exempt Proceeds Fund (TEPF). These investment pools are under the control of the State Treasurer, with oversight provided by the Treasurer's Cash Management Advisory Board, and are regulated under the State Statutes and subject to annual audit by the Auditors of Public Accounts. Investment yields are accounted for on an amortized-cost basis with an investment portfolio that is designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. Investors accrue interest daily based on actual earnings, less expenses and transfers to the designated surplus reserve, and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Deposits

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposit will not be returned. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes. Deposits may be placed with any qualified public depository that has its main place of business in the State of Connecticut. Connecticut General Statutes require that each depository maintain segregated collateral (not required to be based on a security agreement between the depository and the municipality and, therefore, not perfected in accordance with federal law) in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the depository's risk-based capital ratio.

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, \$62,089 of the City's bank balance of \$64,452 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$	55,722
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank's		
trust department, not in the City's name		6,367
Total Amount Subject to Custodial Credit Risk	\$_	62,089

The City had no cash equivalents at June 30, 2015.

Investments

As of June 30, 2015, the City had the following investments:

				Investment Maturities (Yea				ears)		
	Credit		Fair		Less				More	
Investment Type	Rating		Value	_	Than 1	_	1-10	_	Than 10	
Interest-bearing investments:										
Certificate of deposit	N/A	\$	10	\$	10	\$		\$		
U.S. Treasury notes and bonds	N/A		8,525				6,286		2,239	
U.S. Government agency bonds	N/A		9,911				4,408		5,503	
Corporate bonds	A3		266				266			
Corporate bonds	Aa3		762				693		69	
Corporate bonds	Aaa		238				238			
Corporate bonds	Ba1		408				408			
Corporate bonds	Ba2		628				436		192	
Corporate bonds	Ba3		400				400			
Corporate bonds	Baa1		685						685	
Corporate bonds	Baa2		1,273				836		437	
Corporate bonds	Baa3		474				474			
Corporate bonds	B1		186				186			
Corporate bonds	B2		207				207			
Corporate bonds	В3		211				211			
Corporate bonds	**		2,914				2,012		902	
Other fixed income	**	_	9,760	_	212	_	3,465	_	6,083	
Total			36,858	\$_	222	\$_	20,526	\$_	16,110	
Other investments:										
Mutual funds			114,183							
Pooled funds			18,403							
Total Investments		\$	169,444							

N/A Not applicable
** Not available

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Interest Rate Risk

The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk - Investments

As indicated above, State Statutes limit the investment options of cities and towns. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City has no policy limiting an investment in any one issuer that is in excess of 5% of the City's total investments.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for an investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (the institution that pledges collateral or repurchase agreement securities to the City or that sells investments to or buys them for the City), the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2015, the City had no uninsured and unregistered securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent that were not in the City's name.

4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the City's individual major funds and nonmajor, internal service and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

D.....

	-	General	BOE State and Federal Grants	Nonmajor and Other Funds	Activities Water Enterprise	_	Total
Receivables:							
Interest	\$	10,358	\$	\$	\$	\$	10,358
Taxes		13,297					13,297
Water					4,622		4,622
Accounts		1,432		6,263			7,695
Intergovernmental			348	1,056			1,404
Housing loans	-			4,518		_	4,518
Gross receivables		25,087	348	11,837	4,622		41,894
Less allowance for uncollectibles		(4,930)			(441)		(5,371)
unconectibles	-	(4,930)			(441)	-	(3,371)
Net Total Receivables	\$	20,157	\$ 348	\$ 11,837	\$ 4,181	\$_	36,523

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Revenues are reported net of uncollectible amounts. Total uncollectible amounts related to revenues of the current period are as follows:

Uncollectibles related to: Property taxes Water receivables	\$ 4,930 441
Total	\$ 5,371

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

		eginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance
					_		-	
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:	_		_		_		_	
Land	\$	13,417	\$		\$		\$	13,417
Construction in progress	_	22,473	,	24,831	_			47,304
Total capital assets not being depreciated		35,890	,	24,831	-		-	60,721
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Land improvements		32,486						32,486
Buildings	3	314,937		797				315,734
Machinery and equipment		15,605		252		135		15,722
Vehicles		20,098		1,194		789		20,503
Infrastructure	_1	37,412		2,003			_	139,415
Total capital assets being depreciated	5	20,538		4,246	_	924	-	523,860
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Land improvements		14,081		1,252				15,333
Buildings	1	24,650		5,913				130,563
Machinery and equipment		12,252		622		135		12,739
Vehicles		15,865		1,271		58		17,078
Infrastructure		72,080		1,450				73,530
Total accumulated depreciation	2	238,928	,	10,508	_	193	-	249,243
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		281,610		(6,262)	-	731	-	274,617
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ <u></u> 3	317,500	\$	18,569	\$_	731	\$	335,338

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance				
Business-Type Activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$1,977_	\$	\$	\$1,977_				
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,977			1,977				
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Source of supply	5,960			5,960				
Pumping plant	2,826			2,826				
Water treatment plant	2,825			2,825				
Filter plant	57,307			57,307				
Machinery and equipment	2,186	72		2,258				
Transmission and distribution	11,264	111	33	11,342				
General plant and administrative equipment	311			311				
Total capital assets being depreciated	82,679	183	33	82,829				
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Source of supply	2,757	64		2,821				
Pumping plant	1,804	45		1,849				
Water treatment plant	492	98		590				
Filter plant	11,198	1,147		12,345				
Machinery and equipment	1,789	111		1,900				
Transmission and distribution	8,440	170	33	8,577				
General plant and administrative	177_	6		183_				
Total accumulated depreciation	26,657	1,641	33	28,265				
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	56,022	(1,458)		54,564				
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 57,999	\$(1,458)	\$	\$ 56,541				
Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:								
Governmental activities:								
General government		\$	36					
Public safety		*	1,022					
Public works			4,407					
I UDIIO WOTKS			T, TO 1					

Enterprise Fund - water depreciation expense	\$ 1,641

13

881

4,149

10,508

Total depreciation expense - governmental activities

Health and social services

Parks and recreation

Business-type activities:

Education

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Construction Commitments

The City has active construction projects as of June 30, 2015. The following is a summary of capital projects as of June 30, 2015:

Project		Project Authorization	 Cumulative Expenditures	_	Remaining Commitment			
Public buildings	\$	39,460	\$ 38,238	\$	1,222			
Schools		67,104	59,419		7,685			
Infrastructure		83,981	59,157		24,824			
Parks and recreation		17,739	12,801		4,938			
Other		111,794	60,359		51,435			

6. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

All interfund receivables and payables are the result of regularly recurring transactions and represent temporary balances. As of June 30, 2015, the Pension Trust Funds have a payable to the General Fund for \$544.

Interfund transfers:

-	General Fund	_	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	-	Total Transfers Out
General Fund \$ Nonmajor Governmental Funds	1,026	\$	27	\$	27 1,026
Water Fund	1,000	_		_	1,020
Total Transfers In \$_	2,026	\$_	27	\$	2,053

All transfers represent routine transactions that occur annually to move resources from one fund to another.

7. BOND ANTICIPATION NOTES AND INTERIM FINANCING

The following bond anticipation notes and other interim financing obligations, which serve as temporary financing for certain Capital Projects, were outstanding at June 30, 2015:

Description	Fund	Rate	Maturity Date	-	Beginning Balance	Additions	<u>R</u>	Reductions	_	Ending Balance
2014 Bond Anticipation Notes 2014 Bond Anticipation Notes 2015 Bond Anticipation Notes	Capital Projects Fund Capital Projects Fund Capital Projects Fund	2.00% 2.00% 2.50%	10/30/2014 3/26/2015 3/25/2016	\$	55,305	\$ 55,305 34,000	\$	55,305 55,305	\$	34,000
				\$_	55,305	\$ 89,305	\$_	110,610	\$_	34,000

(amounts expressed in thousands)

8. LONG-TERM DEBT

A schedule of bond indebtedness as of June 30, 2015 is as follows:

	Interest Rate %	Original Issue	Date of Issue	Date of Maturity	Balance Outstanding
Consolidated School District:					
2006 Series	4.0 - 5.0 \$	11,000	4/6/2006	4/15/2021 \$	4,394
2007 Series	3.8 - 5.0	6,600	4/5/2007	4/15/2022	3,080
2008 Series A	2.8 - 5.0	1,750	4/1/2008	4/15/2022	1,136
2009 Series	3.0 - 4.5	3,975	3/25/2009	4/1/2024	2,381
2012 Series	2.0 - 4.0	3,136	3/15/2012	3/15/2027	2,392
2013 Series	2.0 - 4.0	2,800	3/19/2013	3/15/2033	2,527
2014 Series Refunding	4.0 -5.0	1,964	10/1/2014	3/1/2020	1,964
2015 Series A	3.0 - 5.0	9,935	3/19/2015	3/1/2035	9,935
Subtotal		41,160			27,809
Public Improvement:					
2005 MERF Pension Bond	4.93	1,450	6/1/2005	6/5/2023	790
2006 Series	4.0 - 5.0	6,460	4/6/2006	4/15/2021	2,581
2007 Series	3.8 - 5.0	6,975	4/5/2007	4/15/2022	3,255
2008 Series A	2.8 - 5.0	11,215	4/1/2008	4/1/2028	7,279
2008 Series B (2000B Refund)	2.8 - 5.0	9,070	4/1/2008	4/1/2020	4,425
2008 Series B (2005 Water Refund)	2.8 - 5.0	14,170	4/1/2008	4/1/2035	8,964
2009 Series	3.0 - 4.5	9,410	3/25/2009	4/1/2024	5,719
2010 Series A	2.5 - 5.25	11,715	3/30/2010	3/1/2025	7,020
2010 Series B2	2.8 - 5.8	18,000	10/28/2010	10/1/2030	18,000
2010 Series B3	2.8 - 5.8	9,935	10/28/2010	10/1/2030	9,935
2012 Series	2.0 - 4.0	30,879	3/15/2012	3/15/2027	23,613
2013 Series	2.0 - 4.0	16,425	3/19/2013	3/15/2033	14,778
2014 Series A Refunding	4.0 - 5.0	7,636	10/1/2014	3/1/2020	7,636
2015 Series A	3.0 - 5.0	19,065	3/19/2015	3/1/1935	19,065
Subtotal		172,405			133,060
General Obligation Pension Bonds:					
1998 Series	5.70 - 6.54	66,000	2/1/1998	2/1/2021	28,040
General Obligation Pension Bonds:					
2015 Series A	1.901-4.034	56,000	4/15/2015	2/1/2026	56,000
Total Governmental Activities	\$	335,565		\$	244,909

General Fund Long-Term Bonded Debt

The City uses all of the above general long-term bonded debt for the acquisition and construction of capital assets except for the General Obligation Pension Bonds of 1998 and the MERF Bonds of 2005.

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

	 -	Beginning Balance	-	Additions	F	Reductions	.	Ending Balance	<u>.</u> .	Due One Year
Governmental Activities: Bonds payable:										
General obligation bonds Bond premiums	\$	206,759 3,043	\$	94,600 4,102	\$	56,450 415	\$	244,909 6,730	\$	15,625
Total general obligation bonds		209,802	-	98,702	-	56,865	•	251,639	• •	15,625
Notes Payable:										
Clean Water notes Other liabilities:		3,774				349		3,425		349
OPEB obligation		994		443				1,437		
Compensated absences		7,706		12		208		7,510		2,161
Net pension liability		46,601		25,254		12,126		59,729		
Risk management	_	17,433	-	31,390	-	40,160		8,663		
Governmental Activities										
Long-Term Liabilities	\$_	286,310	\$	155,801	\$_	109,708	\$	332,403	\$	18,135
Business-Type Activities:										
Bonds payable	\$	2,016	\$		\$		\$	2,016	\$	
Notes payable:	*	_,	•		•		•	_,-,-	_	
Clean Water notes		15,903				1,834		14,069		1,834
Compensated absences	_	223	_		-	3		220		88
Business-Type Activities										
Long-Term Liabilities	\$_	18,142	\$		\$_	1,837	\$	16,305	\$	1,922

Debt Limit

The City's indebtedness does not exceed the legal debt limitations as required by the Connecticut General Statutes as reflected in the following schedule:

Category	 Debt Limit	Net Indebtedness	Balance
General purpose Schools Sewers Urban renewal Pension deficit	\$ 269,728 539,456 449,546 389,607 359,637	\$ 188,154 63,324 47,744	\$ 81,574 476,132 401,802 389,607 359,637

The total overall statutory debt limitation for the City is equal to seven times annual receipts from taxation (\$839,153).

The indebtedness above includes \$68,470 of authorized bonds that were unissued as of June 30, 2015.

(amounts expressed in thousands)

The Water Department Enterprise Fund is used to account for the operations of the City of New Britain Water Department in a manner similar to private business enterprises. Under Section 7-374B of the General Statutes of Connecticut, water bonds are treated as self-liquidating debt and are excluded in determining the net bonded debt.

Subway bonds represent debt related to constructing and maintaining underground conduits for electric light and telephone wires and cables. The bonds are general obligations of the City, which are financed by assessments levied against the utility companies which use the system. Under Section 7-374B of the General Statutes, the bonds are treated as self-liquidating and are excluded in determining the net bonded debt.

Overlapping Debt

As explained in Note 1, the Mattabassett District has been empowered by the State of Connecticut to issue bonds in its own name. The Mattabassett District has outstanding an \$83,184 Interim Funding Obligation (IFO) issued under the State of Connecticut's Clean Water Revolving Fund Program in connection with the design and construction of a Waste Water Pollution Facility Nitrogen Upgrade Project. As a member of the Mattabassett District, the City is assessed a pro-rate share of 41.61% of the District debt, which is reflected as overlapping debt. As of June 30, 2015, \$80,310 has been drawn upon and \$33,417 represents the City's share of the IFO as of that date.

The maturities relating to all bonds and serial notes of the governmental activities of the City as of June 30, 2015 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal General Obligation	Principal Clean Water Notes	Interest General Obligation	Interest Clean Water Notes	Total
2016	\$ 15,625 \$	349	\$ 10,029	\$ 65	\$ 26,068
2017	23,140	349	9,711	ψ 58	33,258
2018	24,745	349	8,797	51	33,942
2019	25,375	349	7,781	44	33,549
2020	25,310	349	6,651	37	32,347
2021	20,300	349	5,490	30	26,169
2022	16,205	349	4,605	24	21,183
2023	14,355	300	3,978	17	18,650
2024	14,520	222	3,398	12	18,152
2025	13,905	98	2,805	8	16,816
2026	13,440	98	2,231	6	15,775
2027	7,020	72	1,663	5	8,760
2028	5,635	36	1,350	4	7,025
2029	4,815	35	1,090	3	5,943
2030	4,865	35	863	2	5,765
2031	4,960	35	632	1	5,628
2032	3,129	35	441	1	3,606
2033	3,090	16	270		3,376
2034	2,200		162		2,362
2035	2,275		83		2,358
Total	\$ 244,909 \$	3,425	\$ 72,030	\$ 368	\$ 320,732

(amounts expressed in thousands)

The maturities relating to all bonds and serial notes of the business-type activities of the City as of June 30, 2015 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	-	General Obligation Bonds	_	Principal Clean Water Notes	_	Interest General Obligation Bonds		Interest Clean Water Notes	_	Total
2016	\$	Ş	\$	1,834	\$	187	\$	334	\$	2,355
2017	Ť		•	1,834	Ť	176	Ť	288	•	2,298
2018				1,834		165		241		2,240
2019				1,834		154		194		2,182
2020				1,835		143		147		2,125
2021				1,834		132		101		2,067
2022				1,464		125		56		1,645
2023				1,200		118		26		1,344
2024				400		110		2		512
2025						101				101
2026						92				92
2027						83				83
2028						73				73
2029						64				64
2030						55				55
2031						46				46
2032		421				36				457
2033		535				76				611
2034		530				50				580
2035		530	_		•	25	-		_	555
Total	\$	2,016	\$_	14,069	\$	2,011	\$	1,389	\$_	19,485

General Obligation Bond Issues

On March 19, 2015, the City issued \$29M of general obligation bonds with interest rates ranging from 3.00% to 5.00%.

Refunding Bonds Issue

On October 1, 2014, the City issued \$9,600 of general obligation refunding bonds with interest rates ranging from 4.0%-5.0%. The bonds were issued to partially refund \$10,125 of outstanding principal amounts of the 2006, 2007, 2008A, 2009, 2010A, 2012 and 2013 general obligation bonds as well as 2007B refunding bonds. The net proceeds of \$10,566 (after an original issue premium of \$1,128 and payment of \$162 in underwriter's fees and other issuance costs) were deposited in an irrevocable trust fund under an escrow agreement between the Escrow Agent and the City. The Escrow Agent will use such proceeds to purchase a portfolio of the United States Treasury State and Local Government Securities. All investment income on and the maturing principal of the escrow securities held in the escrow deposit fund will be irrevocably deposited by the City for payment of the refunded bonds. The City refunded the above bonds to reduce total debt service payments over the next five years by \$719 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$202.

(amounts expressed in thousands)

On April 15, 2015, the City issued \$56M of general obligation refunding pension bonds with interest rates ranging from 1.901%-4.034%. The bonds were issued to fully refund 2008 Series C outstanding principal general obligation pension bonds of \$40M and to fully terminate their interest rate swap in connection with those bonds. Proceeds of \$15.985M were received in connection with the swap, of which \$15.3M was paid to terminate the swap. The remaining net proceeds of \$40M were deposited in an irrevocable trust fund under an escrow agreement between the Escrow Agent and the City to fully call the prior bond.

As of June 30, 2015, the amount of defeased debt outstanding from these refundings was \$5,205 and the escrow balance was \$906. This amount is removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position.

9. RISK MANAGEMENT

Insurance coverages are purchased by the City for the following exposures:

- Property damage
- Auto liability
- Boiler and machinery exposures

Property Damage

Purchased insurance covers physical loss or damage to City property (other than vehicles). Generally, the deductible is \$25; different deductibles apply to certain classes of property and types of loss. The City maintains a blanket building and contents policy on a 90% co-insurance coverage basis.

Auto Liability

The insured limit of coverage is \$3,000 with no deductible; uninsured/underinsured motorists' coverage is \$40, no deductible. The policy provides liability coverage for both vehicles and mobile equipment.

Boiler and Machinery Exposures

Insurance coverage includes direct damage limit per accident of \$40 the deductible is \$25. This policy provides coverage for damage resulting from sudden and accidental breakdown of boilers, refrigeration and air conditioning equipment, pressure vessels, piping and accessory equipment.

Self-Insurance Plans

The City is self-insured, or maintains large risk retentions, with regard to the following types of coverage:

- Medical Health Insurance
- General Liability
- Workers' compensation (including Policemen and Firemen Hypertension)
- Employee Fiduciary Bonds (except for the Tax Collector, Treasurer and selected Treasury/Finance personnel)

The City has opted to manage certain of its risks internally and set aside assets for claim settlement in its Internal Service Funds. The Internal Service Funds are used to account for the City's medical, workers' compensation and general accident, casualty and liability risks. During 1994, the City adopted Statement No. 10, as amended by Statement No. 17, of GASB.

(amounts expressed in thousands)

The City's medical self-insurance program is administered by Blue Cross/Blue Shield. Under the medical plan, the City self-insures individual coverage up to a maximum of \$200 for major medical, and for hospitalization for the contract year July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2015. The City has obtained coverage that insures claims in excess of these amounts. When a claim is submitted, the administrator processes and pays the claims from funds accumulated by the City in an internal service fund. The internal service fund is funded annually by the City's General Fund and the Board of Education based upon information provided by the administrator using an actuarial method to determine such information. The charges by the internal service fund to the City's General Fund are to be adjusted over future contract years so that internal service fund revenues and expenses are approximately equal over such period of time. The City's medical claim liability of approximately \$667 is reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2015, and is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

The City's self-insurance program for general accident, casualty and liability is administered internally. When a claim is submitted, the City processes and pays the claim from funds now accumulated by the City in an internal service fund. The General Liability Internal Service Fund was funded in 1994 to the extent that the City's financial resources would be required during the next 12 months. The charges by the General Liability Internal Service Fund to other funds will be adjusted over future years so that internal service revenues and expenses are approximately equal over such period of time. The City currently carries excess general liability insurance coverage, which reflects a self-insured retention of \$500. The City retains the first \$500 per occurrence; coverage is provided by the insurer for the next \$3,000 per occurrence/\$4,000 aggregate. The insurance coverage includes a stop loss feature, providing coverage after the City has paid \$1,300 cumulative accident year claims. Separate policies for special risks are carried by the City to complement the self-insured program; these include:

- Owners, landlords and tenants liability coverage for the Fafnir property and for foreclosed properties
- Liability coverage for the Terrific Toys program

The City's self-insurance program for workers' compensation is administered internally. When a claim is submitted, the City processes and pays the claim from funds now accumulated by the City in an internal service fund. The Workers' Compensation Internal Service Fund was funded in 1994 to the extent that the City's financial resources would be required during the next twelve months. The charges by the Workers' Compensation Internal Service Fund to other funds will be adjusted over future years so that internal service revenues and expenses are approximately equal over such period of time. The City's aggregate workers' compensation claim liability of approximately \$5.0 million has been recorded in the workers' compensation internal service fund. The City currently carries excess workers' compensation insurance coverage. The City retains the first \$1,000 per accident; limits are statutory.

Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverages in any of the previous three years.

(amounts expressed in thousands)

The changes in the claim reserves for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, are as follows:

		June 30, 2015							June 30, 2014					
	-	Medical	(Workers' Compensation		General Accident Casualty and Liability	-	Medical	Ç	Workers' Compensation		General Accident Casualty and Liability		
Beginning of year claim reserve Current year incurred claims and changes in	\$	1,583	\$	12,880	\$	2,970	\$	1,918	\$	12,880	\$	2,970		
prior year estimate Claim payments	_	18,743 (19,659)		10,578 (18,450)		2,069 (2,051)	_	26,874 (27,209)	_	1,988 (1,988)		61 (61)		
End of Year Claim Reserve	\$	667	\$	5,008	\$	2,988	\$_	1,583	\$	12,880	\$	2,970		

10. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS

A. Pension Trust Funds

The City is the administrator of a single-employer public employee retirement system (PERS). The City maintains two plans that establish and administer pension benefits for both its Police and Fire Department employees, respectively. Benefits and contributions under this retirement system are established by the City and may be amended only by the City Council. The PERS is considered to be part of the City's financial reporting entity and is included in the City's financial reports as pension trust funds. A separate stand-alone financial report for the PERS is not issued by the City.

Management of the plans rests with the PERS Board, which consists of five members: the Finance Director, Mayor, Majority and Minority Leaders and the President of the Board of Finance and Taxation.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

Financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting for the two defined benefit pension plans. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plans.

Method Used to Value Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. Investment income is recognized as earned.

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Plan Description and Benefits Provided

Under the plans, all City police employees hired on or before July 1, 2000 are eligible; those hired after this date shall be enrolled in the Connecticut Municipal Employees' Retirement Fund B. All Fire Department employees hired on or before July 1, 1995 are eligible; those hired after July 1, 1995 shall be enrolled in the Connecticut Municipal Employees' Retirement Fund B. Consequently, these are "closed plans." Police Department and Fire Department employees are 100% vested after ten years of service. If an employee leaves covered employment or dies before he or she is vested, accumulated employee contributions are refunded without interest. The retirement benefit is calculated at 50% (2-1/2% per year for the first 20 years) of the compensation being paid to an active member of the same grade as that at which the member retired, except that firemen may contribute at the level of a lieutenant's pay and retire at that grade and patrolmen may contribute at the level of a sergeant's pay and retire at that grade. An additional 1/2% of pay is added for each of the next five years of allowable service plus 1% for each year of allowable service over 25 years to a maximum of 80%.

As of the most recent actuarial valuation, PERS membership consisted of:

	Police	Fire
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet	207	172
receiving them	2	
Active plan members	47	49
Total	256	221

Funding Policy and Progress

The employees hired prior to July 1, 1990 shall receive full escalation of pension benefits and contribute 7% of their salaries. Employees hired on or after July 1, 1990 receive no escalation of pension benefits and contribute 5-1/2% of their salaries. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the coverage for its employees. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, these required contributions were \$1,138 and \$1,594 for the fire and police plans, respectively. Benefits and contributions are established by the City and may be amended only by the City Council and Union negotiation.

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Investments

Investment Policy

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the PERS Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the PERS Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The pension plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans. The following was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy for both plans as of June 30, 2015:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
Core Fixed Income Short-Term Bonds Large Cap US Equities Small Cap US Equities Developed Foreign Equities Commodities	35.00% 1.50% 30.00% 10.00% 20.00% 3.50%
Total	100.00%

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense for both Fire and Police, was 2.55% and 2.71%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net Pension Liability of the City

The components of the net pension liability of the City at June 30, 2015 were as follows:

	_	Police	Fire
Total pension liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$	86,703 \$ 69,872	98,161 79,808
Total Net Pension Liability	\$_	16,831 \$	18,353
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		80.59%	81.30%

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2014, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	Police	Fire
Inflation	2.75%	2.75%
Salary increases	3.75%	3.50%
Investment rate of return	7.50%	7.50%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013-June 30, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2015 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Core Fixed Income	2.09%
Short-Term Bonds	0.95%
Large Cap US Equities	5.61%
Small Cap US Equities	7.36%
Developed Foreign Equities	6.02%
Commodities	3.58%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50% for both plans. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Changes in Pension Liability

_	• •	_		_
\mathbf{P}		וםש	nsion	Plan
			131011	ı ıaıı

Police Pension P			crease (Decreas	<u> </u>
			Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	
Balances as of June 30, 2014	\$	81,871	73,781 \$	8,090
Changes for the year:				
Service cost		636		636
Interest on total pension liability		6,295		6,295
Differences between expected and actual experience		4,846		4,846
Employer contributions			1,059	(1,059)
Member contributions			208	(208)
Net investment income			1,803	(1,803)
Benefit payments, including refund to employee contributions		(6,945)	(6,945)	,
Administrative expenses		. ,	(34)	34
Net changes		4,832	(3,909)	8,741
Balances as of June 30, 2015	\$	86,703 \$	69,872 \$	16,831
Fire Pension Pla	an			
		In	crease (Decreas	e)
		Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension
		Liability	Net Position	Liability
		(a)	(b)	(a)-(b)
Balances as of June 30, 2014	\$	(a) 85,705 \$	(b) 83,865 \$	(a)-(b) 1,840
	\$			
Changes for the year:	\$	85,705		1,840
Changes for the year: Service cost	\$	85,705 \$ 665		1,840
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest on total pension liability	\$	85,705 \$ 665 7,086		1,840 665 7,086
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest on total pension liability Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	85,705 \$ 665	83,865 \$	1,840 665 7,086 11,390
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest on total pension liability Differences between expected and actual experience Employer contributions	\$	85,705 \$ 665 7,086	83,865 \$	1,840 665 7,086 11,390 (531)
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest on total pension liability Differences between expected and actual experience Employer contributions Member contributions	\$	85,705 \$ 665 7,086	83,865 \$ 531 244	1,840 665 7,086 11,390 (531) (244)
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest on total pension liability Differences between expected and actual experience Employer contributions Member contributions Net investment income	\$	85,705 \$ 665 7,086 11,390	83,865 \$ 531 244 1,887	1,840 665 7,086 11,390 (531)
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest on total pension liability Differences between expected and actual experience Employer contributions Member contributions Net investment income Benefit payments, including refund to employee contributions	\$	85,705 \$ 665 7,086	531 244 1,887 (6,685)	1,840 665 7,086 11,390 (531) (244) (1,887)
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest on total pension liability Differences between expected and actual experience Employer contributions Member contributions Net investment income	\$	85,705 \$ 665 7,086 11,390	83,865 \$ 531 244 1,887	1,840 665 7,086 11,390 (531) (244)

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.50%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Current Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)
Police Net Pension Liability Fire Net Pension Liability	\$ 25,408 28,577	\$ 16,831 18,353	\$ 9,530 9,657

Schedules of Plan Net Position

	_	Police Benefit Fund	Firemen's Pension Fund	_	Total
Assets: Investments	\$_	70,231	\$ 80,911	\$_	151,142
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Total liabilities	<u>-</u>	343 16 359	575 528 1,103	-	918 544 1,462
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	_	69,872	79,808	_	149,680
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$_	70,231	\$ 80,911	\$_	151,142

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Police Benefit Fund	Firemen's Pension Fund	Total
Additions:			
Contributions:			
Employer \$	1,059	\$ 531 \$	1,590
Employee	208	244	452
Total contributions	1,267	775	2,042
Investment income:			
Net appreciation fair value of investments	839	732	1,571
Interest and dividends	1,066	1,332	2,398
Miscellaneous	12	2	14
Total investment income	1,917	2,066	3,983
Less investment expense	(114)	(179)	(293)
Net investment income	1,803	1,887	3,690
Total additions	3,070	2,662	5,732
Deductions:			
Benefits	6,945	6,685	13,630
Administration	34	34	68
Total deductions	6,979	6,719	13,698
Net Decrease	(3,909)	(4,057)	(7,966)
Net Position at Beginning of Year, as Restated	73,781	83,865	157,646
Net Position at End of Year \$	69,872	\$ 79,808 \$	149,680

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City recognized pension expense of (\$15,514). At June 30, 2015, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	_	Police Pension Plan Deferred Outflows of Resources	Fire Pension Plan Deferred Outflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and	\$	1,616	3,796
actual earning on pension plan investments	_	2,713	3,205
Total	\$_	4,329	7,001

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	_	
2016	\$	6,892
2017		1,479
2018		1,479
2019		1,479

B. Municipal Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description

Substantially all City employees except for the certified employees of the Consolidated School District and the regular members of the Police and Fire Departments participate in the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS). MERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system established by the State of Connecticut and administered by the State Retirement Commission to provide pension benefits to employees of participating municipalities. Chapters 7-425 to 7-451 of the State of Connecticut General Statutes, which can be amended by legislative action, establishes MERS benefits, member contribution rates and other plan provisions. MERS is considered to be part of the Sate of Connecticut's financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial reports as a pension trust fund. Those reports can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

Benefit Provisions

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits and annual cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and their beneficiaries. Employees are eligible to retire at age 55 with 5 years of continuous service, or 15 years of active aggregate service or 25 years of aggregate service. In addition, compulsory retirement is at age 65 for police and fire members.

Normal Retirement

For members not covered by social security, retirement benefits are calculated as 2% of the average of the three highest paid years of service times the years of service. For members covered by social security, retirement benefits are calculated as 1½% of the average of the three highest paid years of service not in excess of the year's breakpoint plus 2% of average of the three highest paid years of service in excess of the year's breakpoint, times years of service. The year's breakpoint is defined as \$10,700 increased by 6.0% each year after 1982, rounded to the nearest multiple of \$100. Maximum benefit is 100% of average final compensation and the minimum benefit is \$1,000 annually.

Early Retirement

Members must have 5 years of continuous or 15 years of active aggregate service. Benefits are calculated as a service retirement allowance on the basis of the average of the three highest paid years of service to the date of termination. Benefits are deferred to normal retirement age, or an actuarially reduced allowance may begin at the time of separation.

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Disability Retirement - Service Connected

This applies to employees who are totally and permanently disabled and such disability has arisen out of and in the course of employment with the municipality. Disability due to heart and hypertension in the case of fire and police is presumed to have been suffered in the line of duty. Benefits are calculated as a service retirement allowance based on compensation and service to the date of the disability with a minimum benefit (including worker's compensation benefits) of 50% of compensation at the time of disability.

Disability Retirement - Non-Service Connected

This applies to employees who have 10 years of service and are totally and permanently disabled. Benefits are calculated as a service retirement allowance based on compensation and service to the date of the disability.

Death Benefit

This applies to employees who are eligible for service, disability or early retirement and married for at least 12 months preceding death. Benefits are calculated based on the average of the three highest paid years of service and creditable service at date of death, payable to the spouse. Benefit is equal to 50% of the average of the life annuity allowance and reduced 50% joint and survivor allowance.

Contributions

Member

Contributions for members not covered by social security are 5% of compensation; for members covered by social security, 21/4% of compensation up to the social security taxable wage base plus 5%, if any, in excess of such base.

Employer

Participating employers make annual contributions consisting of a normal cost contribution, a contribution for the amortization of the net unfunded accrued liability and a prior service amortization payment, which covers the liabilities of MERS not met by member contributions.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the City reports a liability of \$24,545 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured at June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation at that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participants, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2015, the City's proportion was 10.65%. The increase or decrease in proportion from June 30, 2014 is not available.

(amounts expressed in thousands)

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City recognized pension expense of \$(3,193). At June 30, 2015, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows Of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows Of Resources
City contributions after the measurement date Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	5,989	\$	9,809
earnings on pension plan investments	_		_	9,609
Total	\$_	5,989	\$_	9,809

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to City contributions after the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent year. Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30		
2016	\$	2,452
2017		2,452
2018		2,452
2019		2,453
	•	
Total	\$	9,809

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.25%
Salary increase	4.25-11.00%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	8.00%, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table for annuitants and non-annuitants (set forward one year for males and set back one year for females).

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2005 - June 30, 2010.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the

(amounts expressed in thousands)

expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. equities Developed non-U.S. equities	16.0% 14.0%	5.8% 6.6%
Emerging markets (non-U.S.)	7.0%	8.3%
Core fixed income	8.0%	1.3%
Inflation linked bond fund	5.0%	1.0%
Emerging market bond	8.0%	3.7%
High yield bonds	14.0%	3.9%
Real estate	7.0%	5.1%
Private equity	10.0%	7.6%
Alternative investments	8.0%	4.1%
Liquidity fund	3.0%	.4%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7.00%) or 1 percentage point higher (9.00%) than the current rate:

	_	1% Decrease (7.00%)	 Current Discount Rate (8.00%)	 1% Increase (9.00%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	54,533	\$ 24,545	\$ (4,533)

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The audited amounts as presented in the State of Connecticut's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014 have been adjusted to be in accordance with the requirements of GASB Nos. 67 and 68. The adjustment to the contribution receivable increased the net position as previously reported from \$2,175,433 to \$2,262,724. The net pension liability at June 30, 2014 has been calculated using the adjusted amounts.

C. Teachers Retirement

Plan Description

Teachers, principals, superintendents or supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with pensions through the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System, a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Teachers Retirement Board. Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Teachers Retirement Board. The Teachers Retirement Board issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ct.gov.

Benefit Provisions

The plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Normal Retirement

Retirement benefits for employees are calculated as 2% of the average annual salary times the years of credited service (maximum benefit is 75% of average annual salary during the 3 years of highest salary).

Early Retirement

Employees are eligible after 25 years of credited service including 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service including 15 years of Connecticut service with reduced benefit amounts.

Disability Retirement

Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Five years of credited service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are calculated as 2% of average annual salary times credited service to date of disability, but not less than 15% of average annual salary, nor more than 50% of average annual salary.

Contributions

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are approved, amended and certified by the State Teachers Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly.

Employer (School Districts)

School District employers are not required to make contributions to the plan.

(amounts expressed in thousands)

The statutes require the State of Connecticut to contribute 100% of each school districts' required contributions, which are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of the benefits earned by employees during the year, with any additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees

Effective July 1, 1992, each teacher is required to contribute 6% of salary for the pension benefit.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the City reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows, due to the statutory requirement that the State pay 100% of the required contribution. The amount recognized by the City as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the City were as follows:

City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City	_	177,129
Total	\$	177,129

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. At June 30, 2015, the City has no proportionate share of the net pension liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the City recognized pension expense and revenue of \$13,290 in Exhibit II for on-behalf amounts for the benefits provided by the State.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.00%
Salary increase 3.75-7.00%, including inflation
Investment rate of return 8.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected 19 years using scale AA, with a two-year setback for males and females for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries.

(amounts expressed in thousands)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2005 - June 30, 2010.

Future cost-of-living increases for members who retire on or after September 1, 1992 are assumed to be an annual cost-of-living adjustment of 2%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. equities	21.0%	7.3%
Developed non-U.S. equities	18.0%	7.5%
Emerging markets (non-U.S.)	9.0%	8.6%
Core fixed income	7.0%	1.7%
Inflation linked bond fund	3.0%	1.3%
Emerging market bond	5.0%	4.8%
High yield bonds	5.0%	3.7%
Real estate	7.0%	5.9%
Private equity	11.0%	10.9%
Alternative investments	8.0%	0.7%
Liquidity fund	6.0%	0.0.%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that State contributions will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rates in the future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability is \$0 and, therefore, the change in the discount rate would only impact the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial statements available at www.ct.gov.

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Other Information

Additional information is included in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. A schedule of contributions is not presented as the City has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

D. Single-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

In addition to the above plans, the City is currently paying benefits to three groups of retirees by means of annual appropriations. This program covers those individuals whose pension payments commenced prior to November 1972 and retired elected officials with over 20 years of service. Since no active employees are included, their benefits are not advance funded but paid as they come due from General Fund appropriations, i.e., on a "pay-as-you-go" basis. The unfunded liability for this plan is decreasing rapidly since the average age is 82 years.

There are 6 retirees, 5 beneficiaries and no active employees covered by this plan.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

The annual required contribution (ARC) and the annual pension cost represent the actual benefits paid out during the year.

Funding Policy

Funds are budgeted in the General Fund to cover pension benefits paid each year. Annual contributions are equal to the annual benefit payments. Benefits and contributions were established by City Charter.

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation

The City's annual pension cost, which is equal to the annual benefit payments, for the current year amounted to \$366. The "pay-as-you-go" plan does not have a net pension obligation as of June 30, 2015.

Trend Information

Fiscal Year Ended	 Annual Pension Cost (APC)	 Actual Contribution	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation		
6/30/2013 6/30/2014 6/30/2015	\$ 465 465 366	\$ 465 465 366	100% 100 100	N/A N/A N/A		

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	_	_	Actuarial Value of Assets	 Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	 Unfunded AAL	Funded Ratio		Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll
4/30/1996		\$	-	\$ 13,516	\$ 13,516	0.0	%	N/A	N/A
6/30/1997			-	12,270	12,270	0.0		N/A	N/A
6/30/2000	*		-	10,618	10,618	0.0		N/A	N/A

^{*}latest actuarial valuation date

Commonly accepted actuarial formulas and methods were employed for projecting the estimated pension payments for future years, and the computation of the actuarial liabilities for the "pay-as-you-go" plan. Amortization methods and periods, asset valuation methods and projected salary increases are not applicable.

E. Post Employment Benefits

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the City's Other Post Employment Benefit Plan are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Administrative costs of the plan are paid by the City.

Investments are reported at fair value. Investment income is recognized as earned.

Plan Description

The City, in accordance with various collective bargaining agreements, provides retiree medical benefits for the lifetime of the retired member and covered dependents. The plan covers City, Board of Education, Police and Fire employees as further defined in collective bargaining agreements and other written materials. Eligibility and premium sharing information is detailed in the various collective bargaining agreements. The City does not issue separate stand-alone financial statements for the plan.

At July 1, 2014, plan membership consisted of the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	9/1
Active plan members	1,386
Total	2,357

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Funding Policy

The City currently pays for post employment health care benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. As of June 30, 2013, the City has established a trust fund to irrevocably segregate assets to fund the liability associated with the post employment benefits, which is reported as a trust fund in accordance with GASB guidelines. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are also negotiated with the various unions representing the employees. Retired plan members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits are required to contribute specified amounts monthly towards the cost of health insurance premiums as follows:

City Employees

Generally, retirees and their dependents are covered for a period of seven years from the date of retirement. In most cases retirees can continue coverage beyond the seven-year period at their own expense. Cost sharing is based on years of service at retirement as follows:

Years of Service	City Pays					
20+	100%					
15-19	80%					
10-14	60%					
5-9	40%					

In some cases retirees have access to post retirement health coverage through the City, but at their own expense. In those instances, upon the retiree's death, spousal coverage is available, but at their own expense.

Board of Education

Teachers - Pre-65 is 100% retiree paid.

Administrator (Local 51) - Effective July 1, 2008 for pre-65 only, the Board will contribute up to 50% of the cost up to a maximum of \$7,500 per year for three additional years beyond the two year cost-share benefit previously provided. Retirees can continue coverage beyond the two-year period at their own expense. Spouses and dependents are covered and surviving spouses and dependents may continue coverage in accordance with COBRA.

NBSSA/AFSA - After eight years of continuous service, two of which in Local 818, retirees shall be offered coverage for the first two years from retirement at the same cost share in effect for active employees (2011-12, 14% Retiree/85% Board). The Board will also pay 50% of the cost up to a maximum \$7,500 per year for the cost of the retiree's benefits for three additional years (pre-65 only).

AFSCME (Local 1186) - Coverage is offered for the first five years from retirement. Cost sharing is the same as for active employees (2006/07, 12% retiree and 88% Board, prior to January 1, 1997, 13% retiree and 95% Board). Beyond the fifth year, retirees are offered COBRA.

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Police

If the date of hire is prior to July 1, 1993, retirees and their dependents are covered for a period of seven years from the date of retirement. Cost sharing is based on years of service at retirement as follows:

Years of Service	City Pays
20+	100%
15-19	80%
10-14	60%
5-9	40%

Retirees can continue coverage beyond the seven-year period at their own expense. If the date of hire is after July 1, 1993, the retiree has access to post retirement health coverage through the City at their own expense.

Fire

If the date of hire and retirement is prior to June 23, 2004, the retiree and their dependents are covered for a period of ten years from the date of retirement. Cost sharing is based on years of service at retirement as follows:

Years of Service	City Pays					
20+	100%					
15-19	80%					
5-14	60%					

Employees who retire after June 23, 2004 and their dependents are covered for a period of ten years from the date of retirement. Cost sharing is based on years of service at retirement and is the same as above. Retirees can continue coverage beyond the seven- or ten-year period at their own expense. If the date of hire is after June 23, 2004, retirees have access to post retirement health coverage through the City at their own expense.

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligations

The City of New Britain's annual other post employment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation (asset):

Annual required contribution	\$	6,671
Interest on OPEB obligation		80
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(69)
Annual OPEB cost		6,682
Contributions made		6,239
Increase in net OPEB obligation		443
Net OPEB Obligation, July 1, 2014	,	994
Net OPEB Obligation, June 30, 2015	\$	1,437

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013 are presented below.

Fiscal Year End	_	Annual OPEB Cost (AOC)	<u>(</u>	Actual Contribution	Percentage of AOC Contributed	Ob	t OPEB ligation Asset)
6/30/2013 6/30/2014 6/30/2015	\$	4,842 3 6,371 6,682	\$	4,721 6,291 6,239	\$ 97.5% \$ 98.7% 93.4%	\$	914 994 1,437

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about the future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as accrual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The following schedule of funding progress presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	 Actuarial Value of Assets	 Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	 Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
7/1/2010	\$ 974	\$ 48,213	\$ 47,239	2.0%	N/A	N/A
7/1/2012	1,171	68,033	66,863	2.0	N/A	N/A
7/1/2014	3,223	70,370	67,147	4.6	N/A	N/A

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Fiscal Year Ended		Annual Required Contribution	Percentage Contributed				
6/30/13	\$	4,721	97.52%				
6/30/14	·	6,360	98.74				
6/30/15		6,671	93.52				

Projections for benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit cost between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2014 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 6.5% rate of return, which is the rate of the expected long-term investment returns of plan assets calculated based on the funding policy of the plan at the valuation date. The amortization period is 30 years decreasing. The valuation type is closed group. The ultimate inflation rate is 4.0%. The annual healthcare cost trend rate is 9% initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5% after four years.

11. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The City is a defendant in a number of lawsuits. It is the opinion of management that such pending litigation will not be finally determined so as to result in a judgment or judgments against the City that would materially affect its financial position.

(amounts expressed in thousands)

12. FUND BALANCE

The components of fund balance for the governmental funds at June 30, 2015 are as follows:

		General Fund		Capital Projects Fund		BOE State and Federal Grants	(Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total
Fund balances:	_		_		-					
Nonspendable:										
Inventory	\$		\$		\$		\$	203	\$	203
Trust purposes								3,009		3,009
Restricted for:										
Grants						1,761		5,694		7,455
Capital improvements				7,514						7,514
Committed to:										
General government activ	ties							163		163
Public safety programs								128		128
Sewer maintenance								1,790		1,790
Social service programs								48		48
Recreational programs								407		407
Educational programs								291		291
Assigned to:										
Debt service		3,666								3,666
Unassigned	_	11,277	_	(42,644)	-			(1,889)		(33,256)
Total Fund Balances	\$_	14,943	\$_	(35,130)	\$	1,761	\$	9,844	\$_	(8,582)

13. BULK LIEN SALES

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the City executed a bulk sale of property tax liens and collected proceeds of \$742. The City retains no interest in the assigned liens. The purchaser bears all risks relating to its ability to collect the amounts owed and, should it acquire title to the underlying real estate through foreclosure or otherwise, will bear all risks associated with the ownership and sale of the real property.

14. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS AND RESTATEMENTS

The following restatements were recorded to the beginning of net position of the governmental activities as a result of implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, and GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date* - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68:

Net position balance at June 30 2014, as previously reported	\$	102,801
Adjustments: Eliminate net pension obligation reported per GASB No. 27 Eliminate net pension assets reported per GASB No. 27 Record starting balances net per GASB No. 68	_	1,062 (676) (41,488)
Net Position Balance at July 1, 2014, as Restated	\$	61,699

Required Supplementary Information

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015
(In Thousands)

	_	Budgeted A	mounts		Variance Positive
	_	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Property taxes:					
General property taxes	\$	115,514 \$	117,362 \$	117,988 \$	626
Interest and liens	Ψ	1,000	1,402	1,402	-
Total property taxes	_	116,514	118,764	119,390	626
Intergovernmental revenues (State):					
State Education for the Blind		55			-
H.E.W. Private Schools		70	83	83	-
Special School Transportation		175	192	192	-
Elementary & Secondary Transportation		1,279	1,224	1,224	-
Special Education		3,500	4,013	4,013	-
Education Equalization		72,451	72,432	72,432	-
State Infraction Distribution		30	23	23	-
Principal Subsidy		187	16	16	-
Interest Subsidy		538	518	518	-
DCA Tax Abatements		28	37	37	-
Town Aid Road Fund		773	770	770	-
Veterans Exemption Reimbursement		25	31	31	-
Tax Relief for the Elderly		400	402	402	-
State Property Tax Relief		2,983	3,710	3,710	-
Telephone Access Line Tax Relief		125	130	130	-
Municipal Video Competition Grant		10			-
Civil Defense		25			-
Off Track Betting		170	139	139	-
State Pilot Hospital Colleges		2,507	2,693	2,693	-
State Pilot Model Housing			87	87	-
Manufacturers in Distress		150		83	83
Bingo		1	1	1	-
Disability Exemption		9	10	10	-
Legalized Gaming Distribution		2,307	2,326	2,326	-
Dial a Ride		49	49	49	-
FEMA Grants			478	263	(215)
Municipal Revenue Sharing Grant	_	1,301	1,301	1,302	1
Total intergovernmental revenues	_	89,148	90,665	90,534	83
Licenses and permits:					
Building Structures and Equipment		985	1,189	1,191	2
All other license		419	213	14	(199)
Protection		158	100	133	33
Health		82	92	122	30
Disposal		348	398		(398)
Planning and Zoning			7	7	-
Total licenses and permits	_	1,992	1,999	1,467	(532)

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015
(In Thousands)

	-	Budgete	d A	mounts		Varianc	
	_	Original	_	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative	
Charges for services:							
City Hall Commissions Rent	\$		\$		\$ 41	\$	41
Town Clerk	Ψ	1,070	Ψ	1,056	1,244	•	88
Recreation		980		916	873		43)
Public Safety		1,165		2,118	2,084		34)
Parking tickets		1,610		1,259	1,245		14)
Public Works - Project Management		6		18	18	(. ' - '
Health and Welfare		26		34	30		(4)
Sanitation and Fleet		196		264	557	2	93
Parking tickets		522		541	390		51)
Assessor		322		341	4	(1	4
Senior Center		1.1		11	11		4
		14		11			-
Water Overhead		263		263	263	,	-
Legal		68		54	400	,	54)
Other	_	52	_	44	183		39
Total charges for services	_	5,972	_	6,578	6,943	3	65
Total licenses, permits and charges for services	_	7,964	-	8,577	8,410	(1	<u>67)</u>
Other revenue:							
Investment income		10		79	140		61
Miscellaneous		600		409	379		30)
Sale of real estate property				496	496	`	-
Board of Education		20		83	.00	(83)
Total other revenue	-	630	-	1,067	1,015		52)
Total other revenue	_	000	_	1,007	1,013		<u>52)</u>
Total revenues		214,256		219,073	219,349	4	90
Other Financing Sources:							
Transfers in	_	2,036	_	2,026	2,026		
Total Budgeted Revenues and Transfers	\$_	216,292	\$_	221,099	221,375	\$4	90
Budgetary revenues are different than GAAP revenue State of Connecticut on-behalf contributions to the C	onnect		ache	ers'	40.000		
Retirement System for Town teachers are not budg Net effect of revenues for Dog Fund, Board of Educa		Residence			13,290		
and YSB Funds not budgeted					307		
Bond and BAN premiums not budgeted					3,666		
Total Payanuas and Other Financing Sources as Bon	ortod o	n the Statem	ont a	of			
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources as Rep Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balan Exhibit IV					\$ 238,638		

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT
GENERAL FUND
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015
(In Thousands)

	-	Budgete	d Ar	nounts				Variance
	-	Original	_	Final	_	Actual		Positive (Negative)
General Government:								
Legislative	\$	176	\$	139	\$	139	\$	-
Boards and Commissions		3						-
Judicial		113		116		116		-
Elections		422		394		391		3
Mayor's Office		423		460		460		-
Planning and Zoning		244		208		208		-
Finance		2,660		2,495		2,625		(130)
Recording and Reporting		523		513		513		-
Legal		865		1,320		1,320		-
Central Services Total	-	5,450		5,657	_	5,784	-	(127)
lotai	-	5,450		5,657	-	5,784	-	(127)
Public Safety:								
Police		18,868		19,348		16,083		3,265
Fire		14,213		14,439		12,508		1,931
Lighting		900		877		877		-
Building		509		562		562		-
Civil Preparedness		107		53		53		-
Central Emergency Dispatch	_	1,860	_	1,758	_	1,758		-
Total	_	36,457	_	37,037	-	31,841		5,196
Public Works:								
Administration		398		372		372		-
Street Services		3,424		3,314		3,314		-
Public Buildings		2,517		2,585		2,585		-
Capital Project		618		624		624		-
Signals and Control		191		229		229		-
Waste Disposal		3,889		3,215		3,702		(487)
Total	<u>-</u>	11,037	_	10,339	_	10,826		(487)
Parks and Recreation:								
Administration		203		200		200		_
Forestry		139		144		144		_
Horticulture		288		242		242		_
Maintenance		1,894		1,886		1,886		_
Special Projects		6		8		8		_
Recreation Department		1,140		1,079		1,079		_
Willow Brook Sports Complex		168		205		205		-
City Supported Agencies		3,357		3,357		3,357		-
Cultural Organizations		25		23		23		-
Total	-	7,220		7,144	_	7,144	-	
iotal	_	1,220		7,144	_	7,174		

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (In Thousands)

	_	Budgete	d Aı	mounts				Variance
	_	Original	_	Final	_	Actual		Positive (Negative)
Health and Social Services:								
Civil Service Commission	\$	264	\$	288	\$	288	\$	-
Nursing		294		271		271		-
Environmental Control		327		326		326		-
Administration		89		85		85		-
Social Services		69		61		61		-
Senior Center		507		485		485		-
Handicap Services		129	_	115		115		-
Total	_	1,679	_	1,631	_	1,631	-	
General Administration:								
Pension and Benefit Contributions		15,064		16,135		17,633		(1,498)
Contingency		800		170				170
Total		15,864	_	16,305	_	17,633	_	(1,328)
Education	_	120,005		124,361		124,620		(259)
Debt Service	_	18,373		18,373		15,314		3,059
Total Expenditures	_	216,085	_	220,847		214,793		6,054
Other Financing Uses: Transfers Out:								
Dog Fund		132		132		132		
Other		74		120		127		(7)
Total	_	206	-	252	-	259	-	(7)
1000.	_		_		_		-	(,)
Total	\$_	216,291	\$_	221,099	=	215,052	\$_	6,047
Budgetary expenditures are different than GAAP expend State of Connecticut on-behalf payments to the Connec Retirement System for City Teachers are not budgeted	cticut		ers'			13,290		
Net effect of expenditures for Dog Fund, Board of Educand YSB Funds not budgeted		in Residenc	е		_	318	_	
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses as Reporte Revenues, Expenditures Changes in Fund Balances - G				f				
Exhibit IV					\$_	228,660	•	

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

POLICE

(In Thousands)

		2015		2014
Total pension liability:				
Service cost	\$	636	\$	868
Interest	*	6,295	•	5,996
Differences between expected and actual experience		4,846		-,
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(6,945)		(8,010)
Net change in total pension liability		4,832	•	(1,146)
Total pension liability - beginning		81,871		83,017
Total pension liability - ending		86,703		81,871
Plan fiduciary net position:				
Contributions - employer		1,059		1,058
Contributions - member		208		255
Net investment income		1,803		10,805
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(6,945)		(6,666)
Administrative expense		(34)		(149)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(3,909)		5,303
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		73,781		68,478
Plan fiduciary net position - ending		69,872		73,781
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$_	16,831	\$	8,090
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		80.59%		90.12%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	3,891	\$	4,576
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		432.56%		176.79%

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

FIRE

(In Thousands)

		2015		2014
Total pension liability:				
Service cost	\$	665	\$	759
Interest	·	7,086	Ċ	6,263
Differences between expected and actual experience		11,390		
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(6,685)		(8,001)
Net change in total pension liability		12,456		(979)
Total pension liability - beginning		85,705		86,684
Total pension liability - ending		98,161		85,705
Plan fiduciary net position:				
Contributions - employer		531		532
Contributions - member		244		289
Net investment income		1,887		11,809
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(6,685)		(6,430)
Administrative expense	_	(34)		(72)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(4,057)		6,128
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		83,865		77,737
Plan fiduciary net position - ending		79,808		83,865
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$_	18,353	\$	1,840
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		81.30%		97.85%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	4,105	\$	3,662
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		447.09%		50.25%

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS POLICE (In Thousands)

	_	2006	 2007		2008	_	2009		2010	2011		2012	2	013		2014	2015
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	650 \$ 607	\$ 394 419	\$_	85 S 85	\$ _	85 85	\$ 	743 \$ 85	74 74	13 \$ 19	1,054 \$ 743		1,054 1,054		1,594 \$ 1,059	1,594 1,059
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_	43 9	\$ (25)	\$_		\$_		\$ <u></u>	658 \$		<u>(6)</u> \$_	311_\$		-	_\$_	535 \$	535
Covered-employee payroll	\$	6,640	\$ N/A	\$	6,356	\$	N/A	\$	5,829 \$	N/A	\$	5,866 \$	1	N/A	\$	4,576 \$	3,891
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		9.14%	N/A		1.34%		N/A		1.46%	N/A		12.67%	1	N/A		23.14%	27.22%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: 7/1/2014 Measurement date: 6/30/2014

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Amortization method Level percent, closed

Remaining amortization period 23 years

Asset valuation method 5 years non-asymptotic

Inflation2.75%Salary increases3.75%Investment rate of return7.50%

Retirement age Graded based on age

Mortality Table with projection to 2019 per Scale AA, with blue collar adjustment,

and separate tables for active employees and annuitants

N/A Not Available

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS FIRE

(In Thousands)

	_	2006	2007	_	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	234 \$ 599	433 739	\$ _	211 \$ 211	211 \$ 215	450 \$ 211	450 \$ 450	531 \$ 450	531 \$ 531	1,138 \$ 531	1,138 531
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$_	(365) \$	(306)	\$_	\$_	(4) \$	239 \$	\$	<u>81</u> \$	<u>-</u>	<u>607</u> \$	607
Covered-employee payroll	\$	6,502 \$	N/A	\$	5,698 \$	N/A \$	4,971 \$	N/A \$	4,853 \$	N/A	3,662 \$	4,105
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		9.21%	N/A		3.70%	N/A	4.24%	N/A	9.27%	N/A	14.50%	12.94%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: 7/1/2014 Measurement date: 6/30/2015

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal Amortization method Level percent, closed

Remaining amortization period 23 years

Asset valuation method 5 years non-asymptotic

Inflation2.75%Salary increases3.50%Investment rate of return7.50%

Retirement age Graded based on age

Mortality Table with projection to 2019 per Scale AA, with blue collar adjustment,

and separate tables for active employees and annuitants

N/A Not Available

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

	2015	2014
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense:		
Police	2.71%	16.16%
Fire	2.55%	15.81%

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT PLAN LAST FISCAL YEAR*

	 2015
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.00%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the City	 177,129
Total	\$ 177,129
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 68,704
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	61.51%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of December 31.

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST FISCAL YEAR

	 2015
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 24,545
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the City	 213,571
Total	\$ 238,116
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 50,977
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	48.15%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	90.48%

Notes to Schedule

Changes in benefit terms None

Changes of assumptions During 2013, rates of mortality, withdrawal, retirement and

assumed rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual and anticipated experience. These assumptions were recommended as part of the Experience Study for the System

for the five-year period ended June 30, 2012.

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar, closed

Remaining amortization period 27 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Actuarially determined contribution \$ Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	2,610 \$ 1,628	2,739 \$ 2,739	2,953 \$ 2,953	3,376 \$ 3,376	3,341 \$ 3,341	4,344 \$ 4,344	4,916 \$ 4,916	4,886 \$ 4,886	5,113 \$ 5,113	5,989 5,989
Contribution Deficiency (Excess) \$	<u>-</u> \$	\$	<u>-</u> \$	<u> </u>	<u>-</u> \$	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u> \$	<u>-</u> \$	
Covered employee payroll \$	39,250 \$	43,012 \$	45,808 \$	46,446 \$	46,947 \$	49,448 \$	49,978 \$	48,559 \$	40,296 \$	50,977
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	6.65%	6.37%	6.45%	7.27%	7.12%	8.78%	9.84%	10.06%	12.69%	11.75%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: June 30, 2014 Measurement date: June 30, 2014

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, each biennium for the fiscal years ending two and three years after the valuation date.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age

Amortization method Level dollar, closed

Single equivalent amortization period 27 years

Asset valuation method 5 years smoothed market (20% write up)

Inflation 3.25%

Salary increases 4.25% - 11%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 8%, net of investment related expense

Changes in assumptions: In 2013, rates of mortality, withdrawal, retirement and assumed rates of salary increases were adjusted

to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

General Fund

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is the principal fund of the City and is used to account for all activities of the City not included in other specific funds. The General Fund accounts for the normal recurring activities of the City such as the police department, fire department, parks and recreation, public works and the Board of Education. These activities are funded primarily by property taxes levied on individuals and local businesses.

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014 (In Thousands)

(iii moddaidd)				
	_	2015	_	2014
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents Property taxes receivable, net of allowance for uncollectible accounts (\$3,895 for 2015 and \$2,300 for 2014)	\$	29,557 9,402	\$	30,824 9,274
Accounts receivable Due from other governments Due from other funds	_	10,568 187 544		8,603 187
Total Assets	\$_	50,258	\$_	48,888
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND	BAI	LANCE		
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Tax anticipation notes Unearned revenues	\$_	16,724 867	\$	12,551 15,000 405
Total liabilities	_	17,591	. <u>-</u>	27,956
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - grants receivable Total deferred inflows of resources	_	17,724 17,724	. <u>–</u>	15,780 187 15,967
Fund balance:				
Assigned Unassigned Total fund balance	-	3,666 11,277 14,943	· <u> </u>	4,965 4,965
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	\$_	50,258	\$	48,888

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF TAX COLLECTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (In Thousands)

Grand		ι	Jncollected		Net L	awful				Transfers		Adjusted			С	ollections				Uncollected
List Year	Mill Rate		Taxes July 1, 2014		Additions	Deductions		Other Adjustments	_;	To Suspense	_	Amount Collectible	_	Taxes		nterest and Lien Fees	_	Total	_	Taxes June 30, 2015
2013	49.00	\$	120,101	\$	* (6	\$	116	\$		\$	120,217	\$	115,690	\$	768	\$	116,458	\$	4,527
2012	44.12	•	3,246	,	40	49	,	(3)	•		•	3,234	•	1,722	•	379	•	2,101	•	1,512
2011	36.63		1,071		10	34		(4)				1,043		205		103		308		838
2010	36.63		844		4	54		` '				794		85		63		148		709
2009	36.63		694			33						661		65		53		118		596
2008	34.98		627		3	53						577		36		30		66		541
2007	34.98		595			38						557		20		25		45		537
2006	45.89		693			37						656		17		28		45		639
2005	45.88		606		2	4						604		14		22		36		590
2004	45.89		525			2						523		10		18		28		513
2003	46.90		439									439		7		12		19		432
2002	46.93		500									500		6		12		18		494
2001	54.76		524									524		6		12		18		518
2000	50.88		452									452		4		10		14		448
1999	49.98		406									406		3		11		14		403
1998	49.42		351			351						-						=		=
1997	49.48	_				-			_		_	-	_		_		_	<u> </u>	_	
Total		\$	131,674	\$	59	655	\$	109	\$_		\$_	131,187	\$_	117,890	\$_	1,546		119,436	\$_	13,297

^{*} Includes motor vehicle supplement

Property taxes receivable considered available:

June 30, 2014 (745)

June 30, 2015 1,001

Total Collections \$ 119,692

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are designated or legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The nature and purpose of each Special Revenue Fund is as follows:

Fund	Funding Source	Function
Stanley Quarter Park	Golf fees and Concession income	Operations of Public Golf Course
Park Security and Policing	Rental fees	To pay for a park security guard
Cemetery	Lot sales, internments, trust income	Fairview Cemetery operations
Sewer Use	User fees and investment earnings	Operation of the sewer systems
Police and Youth Grants	State and Federal Grants	Police and youth programs
New Britain Marketing Collaborative	New Britain Chamber of Commerce	Promote the City and its various activities and
_	and the City's General Fund	events
Local Capital Improvement	State grant	Capital Improvement Fund
Retiree Plan Reimbursement	State grant	Preventing the spread of the West Nile Virus
Lead Poisoning Prevention	State grant	Prevent lead poisoning in City youth
American Savings Grant	The American Savings Foundation	Provides after school programs for the City's youth
Police Explorers Program	Various funding sources	To introduce young men and women to the field of law enforcement
Preventive Health Block Grant	State grant	To create awareness of health issues in high school students
Parks & Recreation Special Projects	Various funding sources	To perform tasks for other City departments and agencies
21st Century, After School Grant	State grant	Provides after school programs for the City's youth
Exercise the Right Choice	State grant	After school programs
Exercise the Right Choice II	State grant	After school programs
Immunization Action Plan	State grant	Infant vaccination program
Bullet Proof Vest Grant	Federal grant	Subsidizes the purchase of bullet proof vests for the City's police officers
Bioterrorism Grant	Federal grant	Assists the City with the development of plans in the event of a bio-terrorist attack
System of Care Grant	State grant passed through Wheeler Clinic	Programs to respond to the mental health needs of City youth
Historical Records Preservation	State grant	Preservation of the City's Records
21st Century Grant	State grant	Provides after school programs for the City's school-age population
Property Management	Rental income	To maintain foreclosed properties that have been acquired by the City.
Public Safety Grants	Capital Region Council of Governments	Maintenance of public safety 911 system
Centralized and Distribution Services	Various funding sources	This fund houses the costs for centralized services, mainly cell phone costs at this point, until these charges are ready to be allocated to the various City funds
Conversation on Race	State and Federal grants	Interracial awareness program
Victim Services Coordinator Grant	State grant	Provides for overtime expenses for the City's victim service coordinator
Federal Omnibus Appropriation	Federal grant	Reducing crime and improving public safety
CT Health Foundation	Local and state grants	To promote health initiatives
STD Control Program	State grant	STD prevention education and testing
Recreation Donation	Donations from local businesses	Fund various youth activities and scholarship awards
Recreation Amusement	Rental of recreation equipment	For the maintenance and purchase of new equipment
Health Per Capita	State grant	Augment local public health effort
Highway Safety Grant	State grant	Purchasing intoxilyzers for the City's police department

Fund	Funding Source	Function
Drug Investigation	State Drug Asset Forfeiture Fund	Drug education and enforcement.
Senior Citizens Center	Fees and charges for services	Operations of the City's Senior Center
Mobile Data Communication	State, Federal and Local funding	Enhance the City's Emergency Response
	,	System
Pulmonary Screening	State grant	Screening for pulmonary disease
Mayor's Fun Day	State grant	Provides music, activities, food and fun for
		children of all ages
Assistance to CCSU Police Dept	Various funding sources	To assist the CCSU police department
Asthma Initiative Grant	State Grant	To provide awareness on asthma
ARRA Paving Program	Federal Grant	Pave portions of Corbin Avenue, Ellis Street, Stanley Street and East Street
Public Works Grants	State and Federal Grants	Perform various street and sidewalk improvements throughout the City
Fireworks Fund	Donations	Provide citizens with annual Fourth of July celebration
Youth Service Bureau Program	Donations	Youth Service Bureau and Community
Activity		Services
School Lunch Program	Federal, State and Local	School lunch programs
School Rental Account	Rental fees	Rental of school facilities
High School Athletic	Gate receipts	Purchase athletic equipment and supplies
Adult Education	Federal, State and local	Educational programs for adult residents
Summer School Music	Various funding sources	Summer school music program
Community and Neighborhood Development	State grant	Provide community and neighborhood development
Business Outreach	State grant	Development costs for the Constructive Workshops business incubator
Emergency Shelter Grant	Federal grant	Housing opportunities for homeless individuals
Community Development Block Grant	Federal grant	Housing and community activities to for low- and moderate-income persons
HOME Project	Federal grant	Acquisition, rehabilitation and creation of housing for low and moderate income persons
Lead Grant	Federal grant	Residences in need of lead removal
State Home Programs	State grant	Rehabilitation of residential units
CHFA Broad Street Demolition	State grant	Demolition activities in the Broad St. Neighborhood Revitalization Zone
Redevelopment Commission	Various funding sources	Activities of the redevelopment commission
Brownfield Pilot	Federal grant	Evaluation of Brownfield sites
Rental	Rental income	DMD properties
EFSP Program	Federal grant	Community and economic development activities
Neighborhood Stabilization Program	Federal grant	Acquisition and rehabilitation of foreclosed property
C.B. Erwin Walnut Hill Park	Investment earnings	The upkeep of Walnut Hill Park
Darius Miller Walnut Hill	Investment earnings	The upkeep of Walnut Hill Park
C.B. Stanley Walnut Hill	Investment earnings	The upkeep of Walnut Hill Park
Parks and Recreation	Investment earnings	The upkeep of Walnut Hill Park and Fairview Cemetery
Darius Miller F/B/O Fairview Cemetery	Investment earnings	The upkeep of Fairview Cemetery
Arts Fund	Various funding sources	Activities benefiting the arts
Community Gardens	Various funding sources	Activities to create and sustain community gardens
COPS Hiring Grant	State and local funding sources	Hiring of police officers
Preserve America	State and local funding sources	Activities to preserve American resources
Fire Grant	Local funding sources	Promoting fire safety
Cold Weather Shelter	State grant	Emergency shelter which runs from 12/15 - 3/15
Busway Bike Trails	State and local funding sources	Activities to promote benefits of biking and safety

									Special F	٦e۱	venue Funds								
ASSETS	_	Stanley Quarter Park	Park Security and Policing		Cemetery	_	Sewer Use	_	Police & Youth Grants	_	New Britain Marketing Collaborative	lr	Local Capital mprovement	Re	Retiree Plan eimbursement		Lead Poisoning Prevention	_	American Savings Grant
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Loans receivable Due from other governments Due from other funds Inventory	\$,	\$ 123	\$ \$		\$	27 5,131	\$		\$		\$	14	\$	50 \$	\$	1	\$	19
Total Assets	\$_	- (\$ 123	_ s_ \$	-	\$	5,158	\$_	- :	- \$_	- ;	\$	33	\$ <u></u>	50 \$	\$ <u></u>	1	\$_	19
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES																			
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$	372 S 580 952	\$ 5 5	\$	22 54 76	\$	38	\$	2	\$	7	\$	33	\$ 	\$	\$		\$	7
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenue - sewer receivable Unavailable revenue - loans receivable Total deferred inflows of resources	_				-	- - -	3,330	-		-	-	_		_		_		_	
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned Total fund balances	-	(952) (952)	118		(76) (76)	· –	1,790 1,790	_	(2)	_	(7) (7)	_			50 50	_	1	_	12
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$_		\$123	<u> </u> \$	_	\$_	5,158	\$_	<u> </u>	\$_		\$	33	\$	50_\$	\$	1	\$_	19_

	_							Spe	cia	I Revenue Funds	5							
ASSETS	_	Police Explorers	_	Preventative Health Block Grant	<u> </u>	Parks & Recreation Special Projects	_	21st Century After School Grant	_	Exercise the Right Choice	the	ercise Right pice II	- I	mmunization Action Plan	_	Bullet Proof Vest Grant	Bi	ioterrorism Grant
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Loans receivable Due from other governments Due from other funds Inventory	\$	6 8	\$	15	\$	11	\$	1 \$	<u> </u>	11 \$			\$	\$	\$	\$		12
Total Assets	\$_	14	\$_	15	\$_	11	\$_	1 9	S_	11\$_		<u> </u>	\$		\$ <u></u>		<u> </u>	12
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:																		
Accounts payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$	4	\$	1	\$		\$	9	6	14 \$		2 6	\$	2 \$	\$	19	5	
Total liabilities	_	4	_	1	_	-	-	-	_	14		8		2		19		-
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenue - sewer receivable Unavailable revenue - loans receivable Total deferred inflows of resources	_ _		-		_	<u> </u>	_	<u>-</u>	_				_	<u> </u>				
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed		10		14		11		1										12
Unassigned Total fund balances	_	10	_	14	_	11	-	1	_	(3)		(8)		(2)		(19) (19)		12
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$_	14	\$_	15	\$_	11	\$_	<u> </u>	_ }_	11 \$		<u> </u>	\$ <u></u>		\$		S	12

								Special Reve									
	_	System of Care Grant	Historio Record Preserva	ls	21st Century Grant	 Property Management	,	Public Safety		Centralized and Distribution Services	Co	nversation on Race	Victim Services Coordinator Grant	r	Federal Omnibus Appropriation	CT Healt Founda	th
ASSETS																	
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Loans receivable Due from other governments Due from other funds Inventory	\$			133 \$	19	\$ 5	\$ _	;	\$ _	:	\$ 	5 \$	114	\$	\$		
Total Assets	\$		S	133 \$	19	 5	\$_	;	\$_		\$	5 \$	114	\$	<u> </u>		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES																	
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$	28	3	20 \$	3	\$	\$	110	\$	236	\$	\$		\$	4 \$ 3		1
Total liabilities	_	28		20	3	 	_	110	_	236	_			_ :	7		1
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenue - sewer receivable Unavailable revenue - loans receivable Total deferred inflows of resources	_				-	 -	_	<u>-</u> _	_	<u>-</u> _				_ ·			
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned Total fund balances	_	(28) (28)		113 113	16	 5	_	(110) (110)	_	(236) (236)	_	5	114		(7) (7)		(1) (1)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	- 9	S	133 \$	19	\$ 5	\$	- :	\$	- :	\$	5 \$	114	\$	- \$		_

	_									Special R	ev	enue Funds								
ASSETS	-	STD Control Program		Recreation Donation		Recreation Amusement	_	Health Per Capita	=	Highway Safety Grant	•	Drug Investigation	_	Senior Citizens Center	-	Mobile Data Communication	<u>.</u>	Pulmonary Screening		Mayor's Fun Day
ASSETS																				
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Loans receivable Due from other governments	\$	3	\$	315	\$	32 \$	5	78	\$		\$	470	\$	31	\$		\$	164 \$	5	19
Due from other funds Inventory	_						_		_			626	_		-	1,257				
Total Assets	\$_	3	\$	315	\$	32 \$	5 _	78	\$_		\$	1,096	\$_	31	\$	1,257	\$	164 \$	_	19
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES																				
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$		\$	11	\$	\$	5	2	\$	1 258	\$	144	\$	1	\$		\$	4 \$	5	
Total liabilities	-	-		11	- 	-	_	2	-	259		144	-	1		-	· -	4	_	-
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenue - sewer receivable Unavailable revenue - loans receivable Total deferred inflows of resources	-						_		_		,		_		-					
	-	<u> </u>	-	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	_		-	<u>-</u>	•	<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	-		-	<u>-</u>	_	
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed		3		304		32		76		(055)		952		30		1,257		160		
Unassigned Total fund balances	=	3	. <u>-</u>	304		32	_	76	-	(259) (259)		952	-	30	-	1,257	. <u>-</u>	160	_	19 19
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$_	3	\$	315	\$	32 \$	§	78	\$	-	\$	1,096	\$	31	\$	1,257	\$	164 \$	§	19

	_							Spec	cial	I Revenue Funds							
ASSETS	_	Assistance to CCSU Police Department	_	Asthma Initiative Grant		ARRA Paving Program	_	Public Works Grants		Fireworks Fund	YSB Program Activity	_	School Lunch Program	. <u>-</u>	School Rental Account		High School Athletic
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Loans receivable	\$		\$	23	\$		\$	\$		\$		\$	1,361	\$	27	\$	144
Due from other governments													923				
Due from other funds Inventory	_		_		_		_		_			_	203	. <u> </u>			
Total Assets	\$_		\$_	23	\$_	-	\$_	- \$		- \$		\$_	2,487	\$	27	\$	144
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES																	
Liabilities:																	
Accounts payable	\$		\$		\$	61	\$	\$		14 \$	1	\$	935	\$	12	\$	
Due to other funds Unearned revenue		56				80		200			5						
Total liabilities	-	56	_		_	141	-	200	_	14	6	_	935	_	12		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	_						_							_			
Unavailable revenue - sewer receivable																	
Unavailable revenue - loans receivable	_													_			
Total deferred inflows of resources	_		_	-	_	-	_	<u> </u>	_	- -		_	-				-
Fund Balances:																	
Nonspendable Restricted				22									203 923				
Committed				23									923				144
Unassigned		(56)				(141)		(200)		(14)	(6)		426		15		
Total fund balances	_	(56)		23	_	(141)	_	(200)		(14)	(6)	_	1,552	_	15		144
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of																	
Resources and Fund Balances	\$_		\$	23	\$_	-	\$_	\$	_	\$		\$	2,487	\$	27	\$ <u></u>	144

										Special Rev	eni	ue Funds							
ASSETS	=	Adult Education		Summer School Music		Community and Neighborhood Development		Business Outreach	_	Emergency Shelter Grant		Community Development Block Grant		HOME Project		Lead Grant	State Home Programs	_[CHFA Broad Street Demolition
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Loans receivable Due from other governments Due from other funds Inventory	\$	118	\$	21	\$	22 \$	\$	18 : 12	\$	5 10	\$	666 \$ 753 1,301		156 61 2,671	\$	323 \$ 3 546	47	\$	98
Total Assets	\$_	118	\$	21	\$_	22 5	\$	30	\$_	15	\$_	2,720 \$	<u> </u>	2,888	\$	872 \$	47	\$	98
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES																			
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$		\$		\$	22 \$	\$	82	\$ _	14 32	\$_	130 \$.	139	\$	\$		\$	
Total liabilities	-	-		-	-	22	_	82	-	46	-	130		148	-	<u> </u>		_	<u> </u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenue - sewer receivable Unavailable revenue - loans receivable Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>-</u>			<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_		=	1,301 1,301		2,671 2,671	- <u>-</u>	539 539	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed		118		21				(52)		(04)		1,289		69		333	47		98
Unassigned Total fund balances	-	118		21	_	-	_	(52) (52)	_	(31)	_	1,289		69	-	333	47	_	98
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$_	118	\$_	21	\$	22 \$	_ \$	30	\$_	15	\$_	2,720 \$	5	2,888	\$	872 \$	47	\$	98

									Special Revenu	ue	Funds								
ASSETS	_	Redevelopment Commission	_	Brownfield Pilot	Rental		EFSP Program		Neighborhood Stabilization Program		C.B. Erwin Walnut Hill Park	_	Darius Miller Walnut Hill	_	C.B. Stanley Walnut Hill		Parks and Recreation		Darius Miller F/B/O Fairview Cemetery
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Loans receivable	\$	6	\$	\$	47	\$		\$	\$	\$	302	\$	1,240	\$	1,505	\$	13	\$	264
Due from other governments Due from other funds Inventory	_		_					_		_		_		_		_		_	
Total Assets	\$_	6	\$_	4 \$	47	\$		\$_		\$_	302	\$_	1,240	\$_	1,505	\$_	13	\$_	264
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES																			
Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	12	¢	\$		\$		\$	9 9	Φ		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Due to other funds Unearned revenue	φ	12	Φ	9		Ф	13	Φ	44	Φ		φ		Φ		Φ		Φ	
Total liabilities	-	12	-	9	-		13	-	53	-		_		-		-		=	
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenue - sewer receivable Unavailable revenue - loans receivable																			
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	-	-	-	-		-	_	-	-	-	_	-			-	-	_	-
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted											302		1,240		1,505				264
Committed Unassigned		(6)		(5)	47		(13)		(53)								13		
Total fund balances	-	(6)	_	(5)	47		(13)	_	(53)	-	302	_	1,240	-	1,505	_	13	_	264
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	6	\$	4 \$	47	\$	_	\$		\$	302	\$	1,240	\$	1,505	\$	13	\$	264

	_							Special Re	ven	ue Funds						_			
ASSETS	_	Arts Fund		Community Gardens		Cops Hiring Grant	_	Preserve America	_	Fire Grant		Cold Weather Shelter	E	Busway Bike Trails	Total	_	Interfund Eliminations		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Loans receivable Due from other governments Due from other funds Inventory	\$	8	3 \$ 		\$	104	\$	3	\$		\$		\$	\$	8,087 5,980 4,518 1,056 1,883 203		(1,883)		8,087 5,980 4,518 1,056
Total Assets	\$_	8	<u> </u>	-	\$_	104	\$_	3	\$_	-	= =		\$_	<u> </u>	21,727	\$	(1,883)	<u></u>	19,844
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES																			
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$	-	\$ 	-	\$	21 135 156	\$	3	_	-			_	8 \$ 2	2,150 1,883 9 4,042	_	(1,883)		2,150 - 9 2,159
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenue - sewer receivable Unavailable revenue - loans receivable Total deferred inflows of resources	_ 	-	<u> </u>	-	· <u>-</u>	<u> </u>	_	-	_	-	 	<u> </u>	-		3,330 4,511 7,841	- -			3,330 4,511 7,841
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned Total fund balances	_	8		-		(52) (52)	_		_	-				(10) (10)	3,212 5,694 2,827 (1,889) 9,844				3,212 5,694 2,827 (1,889) 9,844
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$_	8	<u>3</u> \$		\$_	104	\$_	3	\$_	-	_	<u> </u>	\$_	<u> </u>	21,727	\$	(1,883)	§	19,844_

	Special Revenue Funds												
	Stanley Quarter Park	Park Security and Policing	Cemetery	Sewer Use	Police & Youth Grants	New Britain Marketing Collaborative	Local Capital Improvement	Retiree Plan Reimbursement	Lead Poisoning Prevention	American Savings Grant			
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenue Investment earnings Licenses, fees and charges for	\$	\$	\$ S	\$	\$	\$	\$ 846	\$	\$	\$ 125			
goods and services Other revenues	1,935	50	247	8,594									
Total revenues	1,935	50	260	8,594			846	-		125			
Expenditures: General government Public safety Public works Health and welfare		25	346	6,636			846						
Parks, recreation and libraries Education	2,121		340							133			
Total expenditures	2,121	25	346	6,636	-	-	846			133			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(186)	25_	(86)	1,958						(8)			
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in													
Transfers out Total other financing	(95)		(11)	(940)									
sources (uses)	(95)	<u> </u>	(11)	(940)	<u> </u>								
Net Change in Fund Balances	(281)	25	(97)	1,018	-	-	-	-	-	(8)			
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	(671)	93	21	772	(2)	(7)		50	1	20			
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ (952)	\$ <u>118</u>	\$(76)	\$1,790	\$(2)	\$(7)	\$	\$50_	\$ <u> </u>	\$12_			

	Special Revenue Funds												
	_	Police Explorers	Preventative Health Block Grant	Parks & Recreation Special Projects	21st Century After School Grant	Exercise the Right Choice	Exercise the Right Choice II	Immunization Action Plan	Bullet Proof Vest Grant	Bioterrorism Grant			
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenue Investment earnings Licenses, fees and charges for goods and services	\$:	\$ 20	\$	\$ 25	\$ 218	\$ 29	\$ 86	\$	\$ 48			
Other revenues	_	11											
Total revenues	_	11	20	11	25	218	29	86		48			
Expenditures: General government Public safety Public works		4							1				
Health and welfare Parks, recreation and libraries Education			20		24	221	29	85		74			
Total expenditures	_	4	20	-	24	221	29	85	1	74			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	_	7		11	1_	(3)_		1	(1)	(26)			
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out									12				
Total other financing	_	_				·	 -						
sources (uses)	_	<u> </u>		- _		-	-		12	-			
Net Change in Fund Balances		7	-	11	1	(3)	-	1	11	(26)			
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	3	14				(8)	(3)	(30)	38_			
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	10	\$14_	\$11_	\$1	\$(3)	\$(8)	\$(2)	\$ (19)	\$ 12			

	Special Revenue Funds												
	_	System of Care Grant	Historical Records Preservation	21st Century Grant		Property Management	_	Public Safety	Centralized and Distribution Services	Conversation on Race	Victim Services Coordinator Grant	Federal Omnibus Appropriation	CT Health Foundation
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenue Investment earnings Licenses, fees and charges for goods and services Other revenues Total revenues	\$ 	9 9	\$ 20	. 32	\$		\$ _		\$ 	\$ 2 2	\$ 	\$ 114	\$
Expenditures: General government Public safety Public works Health and welfare	_	18	8		· -							41	
Parks, recreation and libraries Education Total expenditures	_	18	8	110			_			2		41	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	_	(9)	12	(78)			_	<u>-</u>				73	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	_						_						
Net Change in Fund Balances	_	(9)	12	(78)	. =	-	_	<u> </u>				73	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	(19)	101	94		5	_	(110)	(236)	5	114	(80)	(1)
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$_	(28)	\$ 113	\$ 16	\$	5	\$_	(110)	\$ (236)	\$5	\$114	\$(7)	\$(1)

	Special Revenue Funds													
	STD Control Recreation Recreation Program Donation Amusement			lealth Per Capita	Highway Safety Grant	Drug Investigation	Senior Citizens Center	Mobile Data Communication	Pulmonary Screening	Mayor's Fun Day				
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenue Investment earnings Licenses, fees and charges for	\$	12 \$	3	\$	\$	124	\$ 111	\$ 229	\$	\$ 122 5	\$ 44	\$		
goods and services Other revenues			192	11					6			6		
Total revenues		12	192	11		124	111	229	6	122	44	6		
Expenditures: General government Public safety							186	578		34				
Public works Health and welfare Parks, recreation and libraries Education		12	105	7		118			7		21	4		
Total expenditures	_	12	105	7	_	118	186	578	7	34	21	4		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		<u>-</u>	87	4		6	(75)	(349)) (1)	88	23_	2		
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out							8							
Total other financing sources (uses)		_					8							
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	87	4		6	(67)	(349)	(1)	88	23	2		
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		3	217	28		70	(192)	1,301	31	1,169	137	17_		
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	3 \$	304	\$ 32	\$	76	\$ (259)	\$ 952	\$ 30	\$\$	160	\$ <u>19</u>		

	Special Revenue Funds												
		Assistance to CCSU Police Department		Asthma Initiative Grant	ARRA Paving Program		Public Works Grants	Fireworks Fund	_	YSB Program Activity	School Lunch Program	School Rental Account	High School Athletic
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenue Investment earnings Licenses, fees and charges for	\$		\$	\$	138	\$	70 \$		\$	\$	6,183	\$	\$
goods and services Other revenues				1				1		27	630	64	120
Total revenues		-		1 -	138		70	1	-	27	6,813	64	120
Expenditures: General government Public safety Public works Health and welfare					279								
Parks, recreation and libraries								60		20	0.040		00
Education Total expenditures	_	-	_		279	_		60	_	38	6,818 6,818	-	92 92
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures				11	(141)		70	(59)	_	(11)	(5)	64	28
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out						. <u> </u>		27	_				
Total other financing sources (uses)		-			-		_	27					
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		1	(141)		70	(32)		(11)	(5)	64	28
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		(56)		22	-		(270)	18	_	5	1,557	(49)	116
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	(56)	\$	23 \$	(141)	\$	(200) \$	(14)	\$_	(6) \$	1,552	\$15_	\$144

	Special Revenue Funds																
		Adult Education	_	Summer School Music	Community and Neighborhood Development	_	Business Outreach		Emergency Shelter Grant		Community Development Block Grant	HOME Project	_	Lead Grant	State Home Programs		CHFA Broad Street Demolition
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenue Investment earnings Licenses, fees and charges for	\$		\$		\$	\$		\$	71 :	\$	1,449 \$	1,210	\$	\$		\$	
goods and services Other revenues		8		3							16						
Total revenues	_	8	_	3		_	-	_	71	_	1,465	1,210	_	-	-	_	
Expenditures: General government Public safety Public works Health and welfare Parks, recreation and libraries Education	_		_	1		-			71	_	1,655	1,339	_			_	
Total expenditures	_	-	_	1_		-		_	71	_	1,655	1,339	_	<u> </u>		_	<u> </u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		8		2		_		_		_	(190)	(129)	_			. <u> </u>	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)			. <u>—</u>			_				_			_				
Net Change in Fund Balances		8	_	2		-				_	(190)	(129)				_	
					-		(50)		(04)					-	-		-
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	_	110	_	19		-	(52)	_	(31)	_	1,479	198	_	333	47	_	98
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	118	\$	21	\$	\$	(52)	\$	(31)	\$_	1,289 \$	69	\$_	333 \$	47	\$_	98

	Special Revenue Funds												
		velopment nmission	Brownfield Pilot	Rental		EFSP Program	Neighborhood Stabilization Program	_	C.B. Erwin Walnut Hill Park	Darius Miller Walnut Hill	C.B. Stanley Walnut Hill	Parks and Recreation	Darius Miller F/B/O Fairview Cemetery
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenue Investment earnings Licenses, fees and charges for goods and services Other revenues Total revenues	\$	\$ 		\$	\$		\$	\$	(8) \$	36	\$ 11	\$	\$
Expenditures: General government Public safety Public works Health and welfare Parks, recreation and libraries Education								· <u>-</u>	7	61	91		
Total expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		<u>-</u>							(15)	(25)	91 (80)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)		<u> </u>						. =					
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	-	-		-	-		(15)	(25)	(80)	-	-
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		(6)	(5)	47		(13)	(53)	_	317	1,265	1,585	13	264
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	(6)	(5)	\$	\$_	(13)	\$(53)	\$_	302 \$	1,240	\$1,505	\$13_	\$ 264

		Arts Fund	Community Gardens Fund	Cops Hiring Grant		Preserve America Fund	Fire Grant	Cold Weather Shelter	Busway Bike Trails	Total	Interfund Eliminations	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenue Investment earnings Licenses, fees and charges for goods and services	\$		\$	\$ 617	\$	17			\$	52 11,685	\$	52 11,685
Other revenues Total revenues				617	-	17	3	90		352 24,049		352 24,049
Expenditures: General government Public safety Public works Health and welfare Parks, recreation and libraries Education Total expenditures Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	=	-	1 1	617	· -	17	3	90	10 10 (10)	8 1,486 7,761 3,869 2,993 6,949 23,066		8 1,486 7,761 3,869 2,993 6,949 23,066
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)					- -					47 (1,046) (999)	(20) 20	27 (1,026) (999)
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	(1)	-		-	-	-	(10)	(16)	-	(16)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		8	1	(52)						9,860		9,860
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	8	\$	\$ (52)	\$				(10) \$	9,844	\$\$	9,844

Capital Projects Fund

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the financial resources for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

Revenues to the Capital Projects Fund consist of the proceeds of long and short-term debt, grants, and transfers from operating funds and the Capital and Nonrecurring Expenditure Fund.

Appropriations are made on a project life basis by the City Council in the form of resolutions or bond ordinances.

The schedule on the following pages displays for each project:

- 1. The original appropriation as amended.
- 2. Expenditures for the current fiscal year.
- 3. Expenditures for all fiscal years.
- 4. Outstanding encumbrances.
- 5. The project balance at fiscal year end.

For management reporting purposes, projects are classified into functional areas.

If projects are completed with remaining funded balances, the unexpended balance is transferred to the Capital Reserve Account of the Capital and Nonrecurring Expenditure Fund. The reserve is then used as a source of funding for future projects.

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL VS. APPROPRIATIONS (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (In Thousands)

				Current Year				
Project Description		Amended Budget	•	Expenditures and Transfers	. ,	Cumulative Expenditures		Available Budget
Capital Equipment Reserve #004	\$	26,621	\$	2,282	\$	18,264	\$	8,357
Capital and Nonrecurring #003	Ψ	17,185	Ψ	68	Ψ	17,004	Ψ	181
Subway #005		,		12		1,314		(1,314)
New Britain High School		16,595				16,515		80
Diloretto School Renovation		10,000		60		9,518		482
Gaffney School Renovation		30,000		22,788		23,736		6,264
Various BOE Projects		9,935		4,688		9,211		724
School Security Upgrade		574		43		440		134
Badolato & Szczesny Garage Repairs		6,775		55		5,533		1,242
Technology Bond		2,000		11		1,652		348
Storm Water System Improvements		4,750		48		3,919		831
Environmental Remediation		8,150		1,260		8,135		15
Street Infrastructure		30,058		2,266		24,699		5,359
Transfer Station Rehab		2,378		(1)		1,707		671
Broad Street Reconstruction		13,300		64		12,387		913
Fafnir Smart Park Expansion		3,250				2,864		386
Downtown Feasibility Study		250				250		-
Willow Street Project						5,478		(5,478)
Bridge Program		2,425		21		1,048		1,377
Pinnacle Heights		7,946				7,850		96
Sewer I&I Improvements		17,775		5		14,959		2,816
Beaver St Reconstruction		1,000		16		755		245
New Police Station		38,850		(3)		38,008		842
2011 Revaluation		500		(1)		457		43
Fairview Cemetery Fence		275		0		229		46
AW Stanley Pool		648		(1)		385		263
Stanley Golf Course Irrigation		2,000		1,684		1,692		308
Telecommunications		5,750		30		5,629		121
City Wide Facilities PW		610		205		230		380
Willow Brook Park Improvements		3,329		401		3,018		311
City Wide Park ADA Improvements		875				2		873
City Wide Park Improvements		990		939		458		532
Beehive Stadium Improvements		1,495		886		891		604
Chesley Park Improvements		2,075		389		473		1,602
Chesley Pool		102				89		13
Washington Park Pool		100				89		11
Telecommunications		1,400		640		280		1,120
Streetscape Improvements		9,123		643		1,238		7,885
Arch Street Improvements Broad Street Reconstruction Phase 2		1,200		169		2 151		1,198
Elam Street Water Tank		4,350 5,305		14		151 14		4,199 5 381
NB Stadium Renovations		5,395 500		14		14		5,381
	_		•				_	500
TOTAL	\$_	290,534	\$	39,041	\$	240,573	\$_	49,961

Internal Service Funds

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Services Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Special Reserve Fund

to account for revenues and expenditures related to the BOE's portion of the City's Medical Self-Insurance Plan

Health Insurance Fund

to account for revenues and expenditures related to the City's Medical Self-Insurance Plan.

Workers' Compensation Fund

to account for revenues and expenditures related to the City's Worker's Compensation Plan.

General Accident Casualty and Liability Fund

to account for revenues and expenditures related to the City's self-insurance program for general liability coverage.

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2015 (In Thousands)

	_	Special Reserve Fund	_	Health Insurance Fund	_	Workers' Compensation	<u>1</u> .	General Accident Casualty and Liability	=	Interfund Elimination	_	Total
ASSETS												
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Due from other funds	\$	3,769	\$		\$	1,445 14,426 907	\$	741 2,284	\$	(907)	\$	5,955 16,710
Accounts receivable	_	225	_	47	_	4		7	_	(907)		283
Total Assets	\$_	3,994	\$	47	\$	16,782	\$	3,032	\$	(907)	\$_	22,948
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITIO	N											
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	1,061	\$	126	Φ.	14	2		\$		\$	1,201
Due to other funds Claim reserves	Ψ _	1,001	Ψ -	907 667	Ψ -	5,008	Ψ	2,988	Ψ -	(907)	Ψ	8,663
Total liabilities		1,061		1,700		5,022		2,988		(907)		9,864
Net Position	_	2,933	_	(1,653)	_	11,760		44	_			13,084
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$_	3,994	\$	47	\$	16,782	\$	3,032	\$	(907)	\$_	22,948

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (In Thousands)

	Special Reserve Fund	Health Insurance Fund	Workers' Compensation	General Accident Casualty and Liability	Transfer Eliminations	Total
Operating Revenues:						
Charges to other funds	23,502	\$ 7,389	\$ 7,993 \$;	\$ \$	38,884
Other revenues	502	2,145		133		2,780
Total operating revenues	24,004	9,534	7,993	133	<u> </u>	41,664
Operating Expenses:						
Claims incurred	18,743	10,578	2,069	48		31,438
Administrative costs	47	492	198	11		748
Total operating expenses	18,790	11,070	2,267	59		32,186
Operating Income (Loss)	5,214	(1,536)	5,726	74	<u> </u>	9,478
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Interest and dividends Decrease in actuarial claims reserve		(916)	712	106		818 (916)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(916)	712	106		(98)
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	5,214	(2,452)	6,438	180		9,380
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers from other funds		2,004			(2,004)	-
Transfers to other funds	(2,004)				2,004	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,004)	2,004	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	-
Change in Net Position	3,210	(448)	6,438	180	-	9,380
Net Position at Beginning of Year	(277)	(1,205)	5,322	(136)	<u> </u>	3,704
Net Position at End of Year	2,933	\$(1,653)	\$ 11,760 \$	44	\$\$_	13,084

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (In Thousands)

	_	Special Reserve Fund	_	Health Insurance Fund	Workers' Compensation	_	General Accident Casualty and Liability	_	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from charges to other funds Cash received from other operating activities Cash paid for premiums and other operating expenses Cash payments for claims made Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 	23,502 277 (47) (17,959) 5,773	\$	7,389 2,131 (492) (10,749) (1,721)	\$ 7,989 (198) (10,583) (2,792)	\$	126 (11) (30) 85	\$	38,880 2,534 (748) (39,321) 1,345
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Cash received from other funds Cash paid to other funds Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	_	(2,004)	-	2,004		-	<u> </u>	_	2,004 (2,004)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest income Actuarial claims reserve Purchase of investments Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	_	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	(916)	712 (654) 58	<u>-</u>	106 (95) 11	_	818 (916) (749) (847)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		3,769		(633)	(2,734)		96		498
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	_		_	633	4,179	_	645	_	5,457
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$_	3,769	\$_	-	\$ 1,445	\$_	741	\$_	5,955
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used In) Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$_	5,214	\$_	(1,536)	\$ 5,726	\$_	74_	\$_	9,478
Increase in due from other funds Increase in accounts receivable Increase (decrease) in due to other funds Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(225) (277)		(14) 907	(630) (4)		(7)		(630) (250) 630
and accrued expenses Total adjustments	_	1,061 559	-	(1,078) (185)	(7,884) (8,518)	-	18 11	-	(7,883) (8,133)
Net Cash Provided by (Used In) Operating Activities	\$_	5,773	\$_	(1,721)	\$ (2,792)	\$_	85	\$_	1,345
Noncash Investment Activities: Net Increase in the Fair Value of Investments	\$_		\$_		\$ 654	\$_	281	\$_	935

TRUST FUNDS

Pension Trust Funds

to account for the City's single employer defined benefit pension plans that provide pension benefits for police and fire employees.

Other Post Employment Benefit Trust Fund

to account for the accumulation of resources for other post employment benefit payments to qualified employees for both the City and the consolidated school district.

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations and other governments. Agency Funds are not included in the government-wide statements. The Agency Funds are as follows:

Student Activity Fund

to account for the collection and payment of expenses for education extra-curricular activities at the high school, middle school and grammar schools. Annually, the Board of Education transfers funds from its General Fund Budget.

Contractor's Bond Fund

to account for all bonds collected from contractors - these bonds will be returned to payee upon successful completion of related construction project.

Downtown District

to account for taxes collected for the upkeep of the downtown areas.

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT TRUST FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2015 (In Thousands)

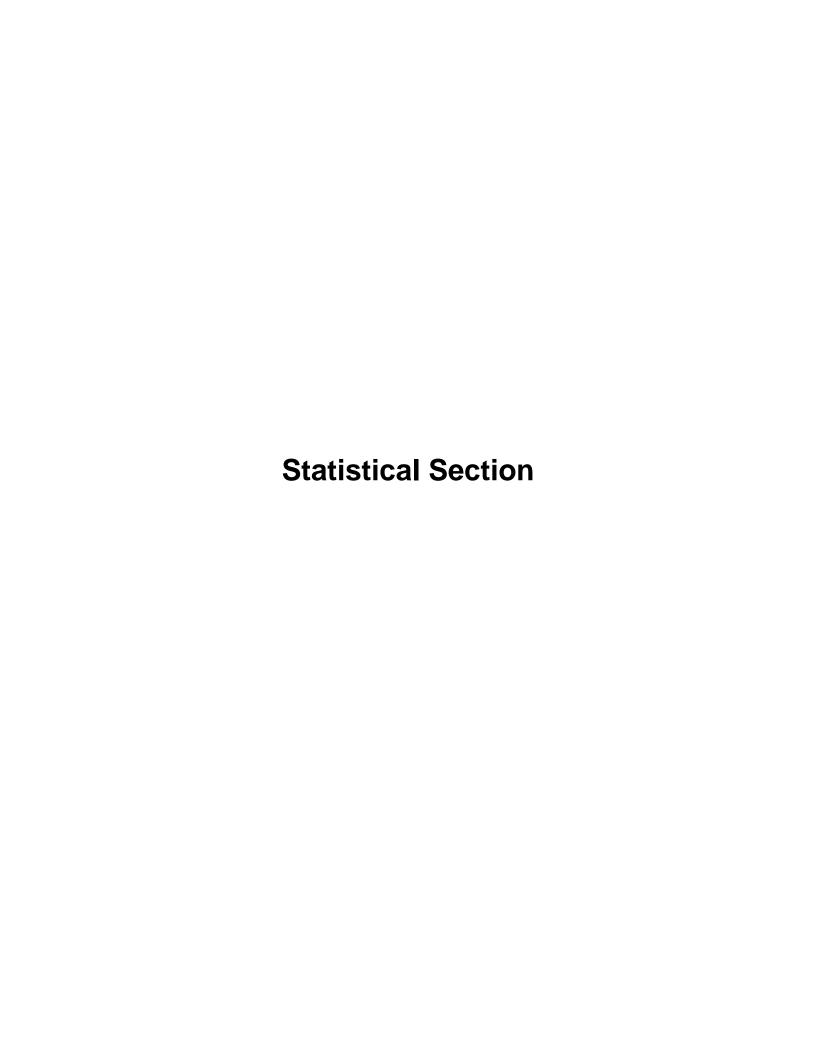
	•	Firemen's Pension Fund	: 	Police Benefit Fund	 OPEB Trust Fund		Total
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	80,911	\$	70,231	\$ 2,198 1,580	\$	2,198 152,722
Total Assets	\$	80,911	\$	70,231	\$ 3,778	\$	154,920
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION							
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	575 528	\$	343 16	\$	\$_	918 544
Total liabilities		1,103		359	 -		1,462
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	·	79,808		69,872	 3,778		153,458
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	80,911	\$_	70,231	\$ 3,778	\$	154,920

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT TRUST FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (In Thousands)

	•	Firemen's Pension Fund	• ,	Police Benefit Fund	OPEB Trust Fund		Total
Additions:							
Contributions:							
Employer	\$	531	\$	1,059 \$	500	\$	2,090
Employee		244		208			452
Total contributions		775		1,267	500		2,542
Investment income:							
Net appreciation fair value of investments		732		839	30		1,601
Interest and dividends		1,332		1,066	33		2,431
Miscellaneous		2		12		_	14
Total investment income		2,066		1,917	63		4,046
Less investment expense		(179)		(114)			(293)
Net investment income		1,887		1,803	63		3,753
Total additions		2,662		3,070	563		6,295
Deductions:							
Benefits		6,685		6,945			13,630
Administration		34		34	8		76
Total deductions		6,719		6,979	8		13,706
Net Increase (Decrease)		(4,057)		(3,909)	555		(7,411)
Net Position at Beginning of Year		83,865		73,781	3,223		160,869
Net Position at End of Year	\$	79,808	\$	69,872 \$	3,778	\$	153,458

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT AGENCY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	,	Balance July 1, 2014	_	Additions	_	Deductions	•	Balance June 30, 2015
Contractor's Bond Fund								
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	60 228	\$_	279	\$	228	\$	339
Total	\$	288	\$_	279	\$	228	\$	339
Liabilities: Due to beneficiaries	\$	288	\$_	279	\$	228	\$	339
Student Activity Funds								
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	289	\$_	670	\$	579	\$	380
Liabilities: Due to beneficiaries	\$	289	\$_	670	\$_	579	\$	380
Downtown District								
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	13	\$ <u></u>	215	\$	217	\$	11
Liabilities: Due to beneficiaries and others	\$	13	\$_	215	\$_	217	\$	11
Total All Funds								
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	362 228	\$_	1,164	\$	796 228	\$	730
Total	\$	590	\$_	1,164	\$	1,024	\$	730
Liabilities: Due to beneficiaries	\$	590	\$_	1,164	\$	1,024	\$	730



Statistical Section Information

The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context and detail to assist in using the information in the financial statements, notes to financial statements and required supplementary information to understand and assess economic condition.

Statistical section information is presented in the following categories:

- Financial trends information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing how financial position has changed over time.
- Revenue capacity information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing the factors affecting the ability to generate own-source revenues (property taxes, charges for services, etc.).
- Debt capacity information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing debt burden and the ability to issue additional debt.
- Demographic and economic information is intended 1) to assist users in understanding the socioeconomic environment and 2) to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial statement information over time and among governments.
- Operating information is intended to provide contextual information about operations and resources to assist readers in using financial statement information to understand and assess economic condition.

The accompanying tables are presented in the above order. Refer to the Table of Contents for applicable page number locations.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in the tables is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

						FISCAL YE	EAR				
	_	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Governmental activities: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$	138,868 \$ 3,311 (94,349)	125,383 \$ 2,855 (25,437)	151,122 \$ 8,281 (42,371)	147,800 \$ 8,109 (47,512)	137,210 \$ 2,883 (27,443)	153,258 \$ 2,483 (50,521)	152,453 \$ 2,381 (54,702)	147,314 \$ 2,714 (43,784)	121,481 \$ 2,734 (32,020)	103,955 2,687 (27,256)
Total governmental activities net assets	_	47,830	102,801	117,032	108,397	112,650	105,220	100,132	106,244	92,195	79,386
Business-type activities: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted	_	41,387 7,901	41,058 6,415	39,737 11,171	39,381 11,550	27,883 20,425	27,181 24,519	26,456 23,623	25,400 20,523	25,320 17,705	23,391 18,377
Total business-type activities net assets		49,288	47,473	50,908	50,931	48,308	51,700	50,079	45,923	43,025	41,768
Primary government: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	_	180,255 3,311 (86,448)	166,441 2,855 (19,022)	190,859 8,281 (31,200)	187,181 8,109 (35,962)	165,093 2,883 (7,018)	180,439 2,483 (26,002)	178,909 2,381 (31,079)	172,714 2,714 (23,261)	146,801 2,734 (14,315)	127,346 2,687 (8,879)
Total Primary Government Net Assets	\$	97,118 \$	150,274 \$	167,940 \$	159,328 \$	160,958 \$	156,920 \$	150,211 \$	152,167 \$	135,220 \$	121,154

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Schedule prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

	FISCAL YEAR 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006																			
	_	2015	_	2014	_	2013	_	2012	_				_	2009	_	2008		2007		2006
Expenses: Governmental activities:																				
General government Public safety Public works	\$	3,687 56,019 28,358	\$	15,087 50,893 31,236	\$	11,539 42,461 26,025	\$	12,124 45,290 20,309	\$	12,083 41,086 23,171	\$	8,596 40,102 25,668	\$	13,414 36,142 26,500	\$	12,547 33,466 10,436	\$	12,165 33,434 22,746	\$	8,041 37,152 20,445
Health and welfare Parks, recreation and libraries Education		6,605 15,804 182,914		6,633 13,304 185,208		6,188 10,647 168,740		6,574 13,077 164,084		8,225 11,462 173,807		8,643 11,348 163,027		8,763 12,249 159,235		8,707 9,275 204,322		6,786 10,097 146,783		8,373 11,609 143,287
Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities expenses Business-type activities:	-	26,172 319,559	_	11,386 313,747	-	11,553 277,153	-	14,052 275,510	-	10,907 280,741		10,036 267,420	_	10,813 267,116	-	10,032 288,785	_	11,876 243,887	_	10,568 239,475
Water	_	8,922	_	5,176	-	11,242	-	10,236	_	10,432	- ,	10,560	-	9,034	-	11,048	_	11,034	_	9,309
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$_	328,481	\$_	318,923	\$	288,395	\$	285,746	\$_	291,173	\$	277,980	\$_	276,150	\$	299,833	\$_	254,921	\$_	248,784
Program Revenues: Governmental activities: Charges for services:																				
General government Public safety Public works Health and welfare Parks, recreation and libraries Education	\$	1,594 3,185 12,943 712 2,820 943	\$	1,586 4,207 13,385 684 2,553 744	\$	788 4,202 12,697 837 2,655 596	\$	1,632 3,810 11,820 877 3,057 507	\$	969 2,140 12,818 96 2,667 777	\$	1,209 2,593 12,387 450 3,085 1,586	\$	1376 2743 10240 1921 2872 5835	\$	1,488 3,125 12,111 684 3,043 1,791	\$	2,057 2,916 8,011 179 2,718 2,546	\$	4,694 2,362 10,449 928 2,677 3,980
Nondepartmental fixed charges Interest on long-term debt Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Total governmental activities program revenues	<u>-</u>	139,486 7,737 169,420	-	139,955 5,619 168,733	-	131,215 1,984 154,974	-	122,717 2,632 147,052	-	135,289 2,080 156,836		129,213 1,248 151,771	=	119,868 25 144,880	-	164,686 30 186,958	-	113,388 2,193 134,008	_	115,998 1,094 142,182
Business-type activities: Charges for services Capital grants and contributions		11,734		10,498		12,472		12,840		12,012		12,394		13,055		13,946		11,616		14,433
Total business-type activities revenues	-	11,734	-	10,498	-	12,472	-	12,840	-	12,012		12,394	-	13,055	-	13,946	_	11,616	_	14,433
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$_	181,154	\$_	179,231	\$	167,446	\$	159,892	\$_	168,848	\$	164,165	\$_	157,935	\$	200,904	\$_	145,624	\$_	156,615
Net (Expense) Revenue: Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$	(150,139) 2,812	_	(145,014) 5,322	_	(122,179) 1,230	_	(128,458) 2,604	_	(123,905) 1,580	\$	(115,649) 1,834	\$	(122,236) 4,021	\$	(101,827) 2,898	\$_	(109,879) 582	\$	(97,293) 5,124
Total Primary Government Net Expense	\$_	(147,327)	=	(139,692)	\$	(120,949)	\$	(125,854)	\$_	(122,325)	\$	(113,815)	\$_	(118,215)	\$	(98,929)	\$_	(109,297)	\$_	(92,169)

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT **CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED)** LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

										FISCA	AL Y	/EAR								
	_	2015		2014	_	2013	_	2012	_	2011	_	2010	_	2009	_	2008	_	2007	_	2006
General revenues and other changes in net assets: Governmental activities:																				
Property taxes Grants and contributions not restricted	\$	121,333	\$	108,112	\$	112,865	\$	106,069	\$	108,741	\$	104,280	\$	105,220	\$	96,133	\$	97,941	\$	95,192
to specific purposes		10,974		11,105		10,184		11,024		10,557		11,177		10,889		14,897		17,292		14,603
Unrestricted investment earnings Transfer		1,016		3,562		2,092 1,263		870		6,070 5,000		4,249 263		(600)		1,150 3,000		6,289		4,437
Miscellaneous	_	1,947		1,341	_	4,410	_	3,654	_	967	_	768	_	615	_	696	_	1,166	_	202
Total governmental activities	_	135,270		124,120	_	130,814	-	121,617	-	131,335	-	120,737	-	116,124	_	115,876	_	122,688	_	114,434
Business-type activities:																				
Unrestricted investment earnings		3		9		10		19		28		50		135				675		579
Transfer	_				_	(1,263)	_		_	(5,000)	_	(263)	_	105	_		_	075	_	(5)
Total business-type activities	_	3		9	_	(1,253)	-	19	-	(4,972)	-	(213)	-	135	_		_	675	_	574
Total Primary Government	\$_	135,273	\$ _	124,129	\$_	129,561	\$_	121,636	\$_	126,363	\$_	120,524	\$_	116,259	\$_	115,876	\$_	123,363	\$_	115,008
Changes in Net Position: Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$	(13,869) 1,815	\$	(14,231) (1,332)	\$	8,635 (23)	\$	(6,841) 2,623	\$	7,430 (3,392)	\$	5,088 1,621	\$	(6,112) 4,156	\$	14,049 2,898	\$	12,809 1,257	\$	17,141 5,698
Buomicoo type donvinoo	-	1,010		(1,002)	-	(20)	-	2,020	-	(0,002)	-	1,021	-	7,100	_	2,000	_	1,201	_	0,000
Total Primary Government	\$_	(12,054)	\$_	(15,563)	\$_	8,612	\$	(4,218)	\$_	4,038	\$_	6,709	\$_	(1,956)	\$_	16,947	\$_	14,066	\$_	22,839

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Schedule prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.(2) The City began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement No. 34 in fiscal year 2002.

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

									FISCA	L Y	YEAR								
	_	2015		2014		2013	 2012	_	2011		2010	_	2009		2008	_	2007	_	2006
General Fund:																			
Reserved Unreserved Committed	\$		\$		\$		\$	\$	5	\$	1,372 7,655	\$	2,803 7,212	\$	3,661 9,479	\$	1,861 8,996	\$	2,990 8,980
Assigned							41		379										
Unassigned	_	11,277		4,965		12,595	 12,159		11,663			_		-				_	
Total General Fund	\$_	11,277	\$_	4,965	\$_	12,595	\$ 12,200	\$_	12,047	\$	9,027	\$_	10,015	\$	13,140	\$	10,857	\$_	11,970
All other governmental funds:																			
Reserved	\$		\$		\$		\$	\$		\$	2,489	\$	15,123	\$	16,586	\$	17,964	\$	9,144
Unreserved, reported in:																			
Special revenue funds Capital projects funds											6,333 (31,257)		7,335 (42,841)		11,640 (36,667)		14,288 (31,895)		13,532 (21,132)
Nonspendable		3,212		3,095		2,038	2,890		2,883		(31,237)		(42,041)		(30,007)		(31,093)		(21,132)
Restricted		14,969		10,102		6,573	5,464		5,697										
Committed		2,827		1,796		1,138	898		2,331										
Assigned							41												
Unassigned	_	(40,755)		(36,955)		(2,092)	 (6,293)		(14,758)			_						_	
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$_	(19,747)	\$_	(21,962)	\$_	7,657	\$ 3,000	\$	(3,847)	\$	(22,435)	\$	(20,383)	\$	(8,441)	\$	357	\$_	1,544

Note: Schedule prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

					FISCAL	YEAR				
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Revenues:										
Property taxes	\$ 119,390	108,353 \$	114,381 \$	110,013	106,904	\$ 103,052 \$	104,141	\$ 95,447	96,757 \$	95,175
Intergovernmental	154,502	157,325	148,476	137,303	150,216	141,888	134,838	179,853	136,003	134,949
Licenses, fees and charges for goods	.0.,002	.0.,020	,	,	.00,2.0	,	,	,,,,,	.00,000	,
and services	20,312	23,803	21,494	21,632	19,529	21,010	18,861	20,641	18,155	18,927
Income on investments	192	774	618	308	3,504	2,843	263	778	4,180	4,065
Miscellaneous	5,793	1,904	4,410	3,654	1,123	3,135	3,263	8,029	3,343	2,401
Total revenues	300,189	292,159	289,379	272,910	281,276	271,928	261,366	304,748	258,438	255,517
Expenditures:										
General government	5,792	5,574	10,057	11,027	7,012	6,559	5,603	5,128	4,935	7,151
Public safety	33,478	32,834	41,442	43,589	40,696	39,852	34,405	34,448	33,183	36,118
Public works	18,587	21,794	19,237	23,536	21,998	33,515	36,106	18,294	19,324	17,518
Social services	5,709	4,524	6,181	6,584	8,187	8,666	9,262	8,655	6,966	8,325
Education	180,080	177,987	164,743	160,477	168,532	161,745	159,487	198,898	145,231	141,081
Parks and recreation	10,135	8,822	10,064	12,569	10,918	10,852	10,988	10,291	10,397	10,873
Other		•			1,194			•		
Capital outlay	39,041	25,558	24,125	30,378	16,971	581	1,127	23,585	23,549	22,711
Debt service interest	16,885	29,803	11,680	9,433	10,083	10,631	11,510	11,014	10,721	10,623
Debt service principal	16,580	16,580	17,925	22,384	15,024	15,507	14,836	14,360	14,764	14,218
Total expenditures	326,287	323,476	305,454	319,977	300,615	287,908	283,324	324,673	269,070	268,618
Excess of Revenue Under										
Expenditures	(26,098)	(31,317)	(16,075)	(47,067)	(19,339)	(15,980)	(21,958)	(19,925)	(10,632)	(13,101)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers in	2,053	11,750	6,407	11,765	6,954	29,785	27,185	31,959	31,409	36,507
Transfers out	(1,053)	(5,087)	(5,144)	(1,269)	(1,954)	(29,522)	(34,216)	(33,412)	(37,604)	(32,397)
Premiums	4,794		244		1,011	963				
Proceeds from the issuance										
of bonds and notes	79,300		19,225	34,441	36,840	11,715	13,922	14,863	14,527	19,453
Payment to refund bond escrow agent	(50,581)				(1,904)					-
Total other financing sources (uses)	34,513	6,663	20,732	44,937	40,947	12,941	6,891	13,410	8,332	23,563
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 8,415	(24,654) \$	4,657 \$	(2,130)	21,608	\$ (3,039)	(15,067)	\$ (6,515)	(2,300)	10,462
Debt Service as a Percentage of										
Noncapital Expenditures	12.7%	15.5%	11.8%	12.3%	9.8%	9.5%	10.3%	8.7%	10.4%	10.1%

Note: Schedule prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

(8) Taxable

		Real Property							Total	(6) Total	(7) Estimated	Assessed Value As a
Fiscal Year	 (3) Residential	(4) Commercial	Industrial	Personal Property	Motor Vehicle	Less Tax-Exempt Property	Total Assessed Value	(5) Less BAA	Taxable Assessed Value	Direct Tax Rate	Actual Taxable Value	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value
2015	\$ 1,454,112,610 \$	1,554,791,310 \$	94,988,420 \$	233,843,033 \$	269,962,738 \$	1,057,820,460 \$	2,549,887,651 \$	429,399 \$	2,549,458,252	49.00 \$	3,642,083,217	70 %
2014	1,442,331,690	1,527,554,750	96,517,900	232,308,663	269,408,233	1,017,141,130	2,550,980,106	8,931,154	2,542,048,952	44.12	3,631,498,502	70
2013	1,886,545,695	1,610,643,885	104,931,570	225,067,185	265,203,698	1,143,311,947	2,949,080,086	366,513	2,948,713,573	36.63	4,212,447,961	70
2012	1,883,538,775	1,603,446,415	104,355,610	216,493,256	254,028,138	1,139,138,023	2,922,724,171	1,880,214	2,920,843,957	36.63	4,172,634,224	70
2011	1,878,503,435	1,594,077,555	104,608,140	211,674,863	251,888,903	1,127,364,436	2,913,388,460	405,687	2,912,982,773	36.63	4,161,403,961	70
2010	1,877,395,685	1,602,228,125	103,697,510	211,468,835	244,060,703	1,116,731,072	2,922,119,786	2,443,051	2,919,676,735	34.98	4,170,966,764	70
2009	1,871,914,475	1,634,241,985	95,297,940	198,383,811	251,565,967	1,088,448,853	2,962,955,325	19,664,862	2,943,290,463	34.98	4,204,700,661	70
2008	1,237,817,290	1,200,326,320	74,380,910	196,499,783	243,942,048	863,358,264	2,089,608,087	247,481	2,089,360,606	45.39	2,984,800,866	70
2007	1,231,471,230	1,194,001,000	71,934,920	187,854,214	239,636,127	846,737,477	2,078,160,014	1,358,313	2,076,801,701	45.88	2,966,859,573	70
2006	1,224,954,120	1,118,595,390	75,775,410	180,517,478	227,343,072	771,387,100	2,055,798,370	199,658	2,055,598,712	45.89	2,936,569,589	70

Source: City of New Britain Office of Tax Assessor

Note:

- (1) The October 1, 2002 and 2007 Grand List were revaluation years
- (2) The 2011 fiscal is the 2009 Grand List, 2010 is 2008 and so on
- (3) Residential also includes land and use assessment (i.e. farm, forest, open space)
- (4) Commercial also includes public utility, exempt properties and apartment buildings
- (5) Less BAA (Board of Assessment Appeals) changes
- (6) Total Direct Tax Rate = mill rate
- (7) Total Taxable Assessed Value / .70 = Actual Taxable Value
- (8) Taxable Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value = Assessments are 70% of Value

The City of New Britain has no overlapping property tax rates

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS 2013 AND 2004

	_	(October 1, 2	2013			October 1, 2	2004
TAXPAYER		TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUE	RANK	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL CITY TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUE	TAXPAYER	 TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUE	RANK	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL CITY TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUE
CT Light & Power	\$	58,862,505	1	2.31%	Stanley Works	\$ 35,295,861	1	1.72%
Pebblebrook Apartments LLC		19,675,530	2	0.77%	CT Light and Power	25,185,011	2	1.23%
StanleyBlack & Decker Inc		17,007,850	3	0.67%	Brittany Farms Assoc.	17,910,690	3	0.87%
Corbin-Pinnacle LLC		15,246,497	4	0.60%	CPS Properties	13,604,640	4	0.66%
Conn Natural Gas Corp		12,860,707	5	0.50%	Creed Monarch	12,448,746	5	0.61%
Investment Associates LTP		11,477,407	6	0.45%	Inland Southeast New Britain LLC	11,824,680	6	0.58%
Inland Southeast NB LLC		9,852,570	7	0.39%	NB-BTMC LLC	11,459,070	7	0.56%
NB-BTMC, LLC (Target)		9,800,000	8	0.38%	CT Natural Gas Corp	11,325,450	8	0.55%
Farmington Hills 06 LLC		9,376,918	9	0.37%	Investment Associates	8,778,000	9	0.43%
Paramount Plaza at New Brite LLC	_	9,239,650	10	0.36%	HSC Community Services	8,332,590	10	0.41%
	\$_	173,399,634		6.80%		\$ 156,164,738		7.62%

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

					Collected \ Fiscal Year			Total Collec	tions to Date
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Tax Rate In Mills	_	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year	_	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Collection in Subsequent Years	 Amount	Percentage of Levy
2015	49.00	\$	120,101	\$	115,575	96.23 %	\$ N/A	\$ 115,575	96.23 %
2014	44.12		106,331		103,465	97.30	N/A	104,819	96.58
2013	36.63		106,630		104,180	97.70	N/A	105,798	99.22
2012	36.63		107,582		103,302	96.02	1,995	106,875	99.34
2011	36.63		107,141		102,722	95.88	2,360	106,544	99.44
2010	34.98		102,274		98,267	96.08	2,699	101,734	99.47
2009	34.98		103,153		98,983	95.72	3,290	102,616	99.48
2008	45.40		95,749		91,654	95.72	3,221	95,066	99.29
2007	45.88		95,916		92,550	96.49	2,629	95,300	99.36
2006	45.89		94,516		91,538	96.85	2,391	93,975	99.43

Source: Tax Collector's Report; Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands, Except Per Capita)

	_	Governme	ntal	Activities	E	Business-Type Activities						
Fiscal Year		General Obligation Bonds	_	Capital Leases		Water	-	Total Primary Government	Ratio of Debt to Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of Personal Income	-	Debt Per Capita
2015	\$	248,334	\$	-	\$	16,085	\$	264,419	6.82 %	8.51	%	\$ 3,396
2014		210,533		-		17,919		228,452	5.80	7.23		2,882
2013		227,415		-		19,754		247,169	5.40	7.32		3,059
2012		220,634		-		26,366		247,000	5.15	6.91		2,891
2011		198,147		-		34,336		232,483	4.76	7.50		2,823
2010		178,571		-		36,573		215,144	4.28	5.98		2,556
2009		181,951		-		38,822		220,773	4.33	6.12		2,593
2008		183,802		-		41,076		224,878	6.16	0.06		2,539
2007		182,985		-		42,743		225,728	6.17	6.16		2,528
2006		183,966		-		44,577		228,543	6.26	6.24		2,561

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

119,879

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT STATEMENT OF DEBT LIMITATION JUNE 30, 2015 (In Thousands)

Total tax collections (including interest and lien fees) received by Treasurer for year ended June 30, 2015	\$ 119,436 *
Reimbursement for revenue loss (year ended June 30, 2015): Freeze program	 443

BASE for Debt Limitation Computation

	_	General Purpose	Schools		Sewers	_	Urban Renewal		Pension
Debt limitation:									
2-1/4 times base	\$	269,728 \$		\$		\$		\$	
4-1/2 times base			539,456						
3-3/4 times base					449,546				
3-1/4 times base							389,607		
3 times base	_			_		_		_	359,637
Total debt limitation	_	269,728	539,456	_	449,546	_	389,607	_	359,637
Indebtedness:									
Bonds payable		217,100	27,809						
Notes payable		25,657	8,343		3,425				
Overlapping debt					33,417				
Bonds authorized - unissued		29,437	28,131		10,902				
Total indebtedness	_	272,194	64,283	_	47,744	_		_	-
Less self-liquidating indebtedness:									
Statutory exclusion-									
pension obligation bond		84,040							
School construction grants	_		959	_					
Total self-liquidating									
indebtedness	_	84,040	959	_		_		_	
Total indebtedness less									
self-liquidating indebtedness		188,154	63,324		47,744		_		_
3cii-iiquidatiiig iiidebtediie33	-	100,104	00,024	_	41,144	_		_	<u>-</u>
Debt Limitation in Excess of									
Outstanding and Authorized Debt	\$_	81,574 \$	476,132	\$_	401,802	\$_	389,607	\$_	359,637

Note: In no case shall total indebtedness exceed seven times annual receipts from taxation - \$839,153

^{*}Budgetary basis

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

		FISCAL YEAR										
	-	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	
Debt limitation	\$	839,153 \$	763,280 \$	796,372 \$	764,726 \$	761,802 \$	722,176 \$	740,202 \$	681,645 \$	688,226 \$	677,215	
Total net debt applicable to limit	-	299,222	331,956	316,193	339,738	297,519	289,278	269,466	256,823	193,391	183,749	
Legal debt margin	\$	539,931 \$	431,324 \$	480,179 \$	424,988 \$	464,283 \$	432,898 \$	470,736 \$	424,822 \$	494,835 \$	493,466	
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit		35.66%	43.49%	39.70%	44.43%	39.05%	40.06%	36.40%	37.68%	28.10%	27.13%	

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports - Schedule of Debt Limitation

Note: See Table 9 for calculation of current year debt limitation.

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

Calendar Year	Population (1)	 Personal Income (1)	 Per Capita Income (1)	Median Age (1)	School Enrollment (2)	Unemployment Rate (3)
2015	73,122	\$ 2,917,421,556	\$ 39,898	33.0	10,017	7.70 %
2014	73,055	2,910,365,090	20,655	33.0	10,053	8.90
2013	74,348	3,108,564,228	20,601	42.0	10,324	11.30
2012	74,348	3,108,564,228	20,601	42.0	9,977	11.80
2011	70,185	2,640,991,365	23,557	35.0	10,400	13.20
2010	69,860	2,987,143,740	23,557	35.0	10,405	12.40
2009	70,181	2,975,042,771	20,907	35.0	10,203	11.50
2008	72,395	2,972,249,120	20,907	35.0	10,344	8.10
2007	72,395	2,972,249,120	20,907	35.0	10,654	7.50
2006	71,840	2,949,463,040	23,379	33.9	10,950	7.70

(1) Connecticut Economic Research Center, Inc. CERC Town Profile 2014

(2) Source: Consolidated School District of New Britain

(3) Source: CT Dept. of Labor

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS 2015 AND 2006

	2	015				20	006		
	NATURE OF			PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL CITY		NATURE OF			PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL CITY
EMPLOYER	BUSINESS	EMPLOYEES	RANK	EMPLOYMENT	EMPLOYER	BUSINESS	EMPLOYEES	RANK	EMPLOYMENT
Hospital of Central CT	Hospital	2,374	1	7.27%	New Britain General Hospital	Hospital	2,300	1	7.31%
City of New Britain	Municipality	1,779	2	5.45%	City of New Britain	Municipality	1,975	2	6.28%
State of CT	Government	1,095	3	3.36%	Central CT State University	University	1,512	3	4.81%
Hospital for Special Care	Hospital	1,080	4	3.31%	The Hospital for Special Care	Hospital	1,370	4	4.36%
Stanley-Black & Decker	Manufacturing	910	5	2.79%	Tilcon CT	Construction	920	5	2.93%
Tilcon CT	Construction	553	6	1.69%	State of CT	Government	900	6	2.86%
Webster Bank	Banking	524	7	1.61%	The Stanley Works	Manufacturing	700	7	2.23%
Grove Hill Medical Center	Health Care	495	8	1.52%	Grove Hill Medical Center	Health Care	440	8	1.40%
Dattco	Transportation	478	9	1.46%	Dattco	Transportation	379	9	1.21%
Creed Monarch	Manufacturing	280	10	0.86%	TD Banknorth, N.A., CT	Banking	375	10	1.19%
		9,568		27.78%			10,871		34.56%
Total Employment		34,441					31,445		

Source: City of New Britain, Municipal Development Agency

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT
FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

						FISCAL YEA	R			
Function/Program	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Administration, financial and other	112	112	98	119	123	124	132	132	100	108
Police	182	182	157	162	151	165	172	173	173	151
Fire	132	132	137	152	153	154	158	156	145	135
Health and welfare	10	10	22	18	18	18	20	21	20	13
Parks and recreation	38	38	42	53	54	53	57	60	60	68
Public works, engineering, garage	43	43	50	62	63	63	74	70	71	77
Water	40	40	38	52	52	52	53	53	56	53
Education	1,257	1,224	1,294	1,332	1,333	1,364	1,334	1,386	1,353	1,352
Total	1,814	1,781	1,838	1,950	1,947	1,993	2,000	2,051	1,978	1,957

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					ı	ISCAL YEAR				
Function/Program	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
General government:										
Building permits issued	1,073	992	628	852	518	2,296	1,985	2,219	2,366	2,442
Building inspections conducted	857	1,026	1,131	1,804	1,101	4,631	4,210	4,373	3,865	4,483
Police:		,	, -	,	, -	,	, -	,	.,	,
Calls for service	83,389	74,295	32,701	43,233	45,494	46,776	51,989	54,432	56,885	59,646
Physical arrests	5,542	4,341	4,230	5,307	6,188	7,021	6,803	6,868	6,161	6,828
Parking violations	12,626	12,915	16,963	13,197	15,049	14,498	18,436	20,621	22,059	26,367
Traffic violations	5,532	4,243	2,103	3,054	4,410	3,315	4,322	4,685	5,422	6,997
Fire:	•	•	•	•	,	,	•	•	•	,
Emergency responses	6,350	6,047	6,542	6,286	6,604	6,624	6,871	6,832	6,929	6,320
Fires extinguished	463	404	241	280	284	297	291	522	565	279
Inspections	292	207	226	295	305	302	288	537	351	312
Refuse collection:										
Refuse collected (tons per day)	122	157	161	165	168	177	178	170	186	193
Recyclables collected (tons per day)	16	16	16	17	14	9	10	13	12	11
Other public works:										
Street resurfacing (miles)	10	10	9	8	5	7	12	19	15	9
Potholes repaired	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,406	N/A	N/A	N/A
Parks and recreation:										
Athletic field permits issued	3,123	2,820	3,110	3,176	3,373	3,300	3,763	2,918	4,958	2,597
Community center admissions	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Library:										
Volumes in collection	242,255	234,883	230,497	225,581	213,907	220,384	220,974	223,056	231,214	246,891
Total volumes borrowed	261,727	361,682	405,206	408,167	394,456	415,416	394,883	399,119	373,557	312,662
Water:										
New connections	6	-	11	4	5	405	151	196	60	94
Water main breaks	35	13	20	9	21	18	31	25	28	16
Average daily consumption										
(thousands of gallons)	9,301	9,056	8,830	8,887	9,140	8,755	9,050	10,103	10,100	10,000
Peak daily consumption										
(thousands of gallons)	11,817	12,659	11,640	12,722	13,424	16,660	11,800	17,900	14,410	12,745
Wastewater:										
Average daily sewage treatment										
(thousands of gallons)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Transit:										
Total route miles	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Passengers	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

CITY OF NEW BRITAIN, CONNECTICUT CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					FISCAL YEAR				
2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3
37	38	30	32	32	30	30	30	30	30
6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
11	11	10	10	10	10	9	7	17	17
185	185	185	163	163	163	163	163	163	163
15	15	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	71	70
1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200	12
8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
248	248	248	247	247	269	269	269	269	269
1,864	1,863	1,863	1,851	1,887	1,852	1,992	1,988	1,977	1,991
2,857,800	2,857,800	2,857,800	2,857,800	2,857,800	2,857,800	2,742,921	2,857,800	2,858,700	2,742,921
179	179	179	179	179	179	179	187	180	180
154	154	154	153	153	153	153	171	152	152
	1 2 37 6 11 185 15 N/A 71 1,200 8 15 9 248 1,864 2,857,800	1 1 2 2 37 38 6 6 6 6 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 15 15 15 15 N/A N/A 71 71 71 1,200 8 8 8 15 15 15 9 9 9 248 248 1,864 1,864 1,863 2,857,800 2,857,800 179 179	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 37 38 30 32 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 11 11 10 10 10 185 185 185 163 15 15 N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A 71 71 71 71 71 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 8 8 8 8 8 15 15 15 15 15 9 9 9 9 9 248 248 248 247 1,864 1,863 1,863 1,851 2,857,800 2,857,800 2,857,800 2,857,800 2,857,800	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 32 32 6	2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 1	2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 1	2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 1 <td>2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 1</td>	2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 1